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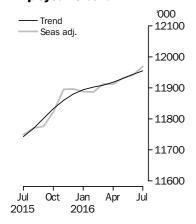


LABOUR FORCE

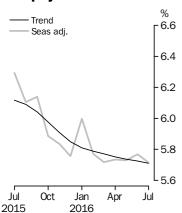
AUSTRALIA

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Employed Persons



Unemployment Rate



INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, email <cli>client.services@abs.gov. au> or contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

KEY FIGURES

	Jun 2016	Jul 2016	Jun 16 to Jul 16	Jul 15 to Jul 16
Trend				
Employed persons ('000)	11 943.3	11 955.1	11.8	1.8 %
Unemployed persons ('000)	725.3	724.1	-1.2	-5.4 %
Unemployment rate (%)	5.7	5.7	0.0 pts	-0.4 pts
Participation rate (%)	64.8	64.8	0.0 pts	-0.1 pts
Seasonally Adjusted				
Employed persons ('000)	11 942.4	11 968.6	26.2	1.9 %
Unemployed persons ('000)	731.0	725.5	-5.5	-8.1 %
Unemployment rate (%)	5.8	5.7	-0.1 pts	-0.6 pts
Participation rate (%)	64.9	64.9	0.0 pts	-0.2 pts

KEY POINTS

TREND ESTIMATES (MONTHLY CHANGE)

- Employment increased 11,800 to 11,955,100.
- Unemployment decreased 1,200 to 724,100.
- Unemployment rate remained steady at 5.7%.
- Participation rate remained steady at 64.8%.
- Monthly hours worked in all jobs increased 0.9 million hours to 1655.6 million hours.

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES (MONTHLY CHANGE)

- Employment increased 26,200 to 11,968,600. Full-time employment decreased 45,400 to 8,153,900 and part-time employment increased 71,600 to 3,814,700.
- Unemployment decreased 5,500 to 725,500. The number of unemployed persons looking for full-time work decreased 13,300 to 482,400 and the number of unemployed persons only looking for part-time work increased 7,800 to 243,100.
- Unemployment rate decreased by 0.1 pts to 5.7%.
- Participation rate remained steady at 64.9%.
- Monthly hours worked in all jobs increased 3.7 million hours to 1,660.9 million hours.

NOTES

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 ISSUE
 RELEASE DATE

 August 2016
 15 September 2016

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 20 October 2016

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 17 November 2016

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 15 December 2016

 December 2016
 19 January 2017

 January 2017
 16 February 2017

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WHAT'S NEW IN THE LABOUR FORCE

For details regarding the Annual Benchmarking of Monthly Hours Worked, the upcoming release of new education outputs, and the addition of pivot table outputs in the *Labour Force, Australia, Detailed* (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001), please refer to the "What's New in the Labour Force" on page 8. Additional information on revisions from the Annual Benchmarking of Monthly Hours Worked is also included on page 9.

ROUNDING

Estimates of changes shown on the front cover and used in the commentary have been calculated using unrounded estimates, and may be different from, but are more accurate than movements obtained from the rounded estimates. The graphs on the front cover also depict unrounded estimates.

SAMPLING ERROR

The estimates in this publication are based on a sample survey. Published estimates and movements are subject to sampling variability. Standard errors give a measure of sampling variability. The interval bounded by two standard errors is the 95% confidence interval, which provides a way of looking at the variability inherent in estimates. There is a 95% chance that the true value of the estimate lies within that interval.

MOVEMENTS IN SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES BETWEEN JUNE 2016 AND JULY 2016

Monthly change 95% Confidence interval

Total Employment 26 200 -32 400 to 84 800
Total Unemployment -5 500 -42 500 to 31 500
Unemployment rate -0.1 pts -0.5 pts to 0.3 pts
Participation rate 0.0 pts -0.4 pts to 0.4 pts

David W. Kalisch Australian Statistician

LABOUR FORCE COMMENTARY JULY 2016

NATIONAL ESTIMATES

TREND ESTIMATES

Australia's trend estimate of employment increased by 11,800 persons in July 2016, with:

- the number of unemployed persons decreasing by 1,200;
- the unemployment rate remaining steady at 5.7 per cent;
- the participation rate remaining unchanged at 64.8 per cent; and
- the employment to population ratio remaining steady at 61.1 per cent.

Over the past 12 months, trend employment increased by 212,300 (or 1.8%), which was in line with the average percentage year-on-year growth over the last 20 years. Over the same 12 month period the trend employment to population ratio, which is a measure of how employed the population is, increased from 60.9 to 61.1 per cent.

In monthly terms, the trend employment increase of 11,800 persons between June and July 2016 represents a growth rate of 0.1%, which is still below the monthly average over the past 20 years of 0.15%. While trend employment growth was above the 20 year average from December 2014 to December 2015, the rate of growth in employment for the past six months has been below this average.

Trend part-time employment growth continued into July 2016, with an increase of 10,600 persons. Full-time employment increased by 1,200 persons, after five consecutive decreases. Despite this small increase in full-time employment, the strength in employment growth has continued to come from part-time employment, which has increased by 82,600 persons since January 2016 (while full-time employment has decreased by 21,600 over the same period).

The trend unemployment rate remained at 5.7 per cent in July 2016. Over the last year unemployment has decreased by 41,100 persons (5.4%).

Trend monthly hours worked in all jobs increased 0.9 million hours (0.1%) in July 2016, to 1,655.6 million hours. This was the second consecutive increase in monthly hours worked in all jobs following five months of consecutive declines. Monthly hours worked is still around 7.2 million hours (0.4%) below the series peak at December 2015.

The trend series smooths the more volatile seasonally adjusted estimates and provide the best measure of the underlying behaviour of the labour market.

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for July 2016 was 5.7 per cent (down 0.1 percentage points) and the labour force participation rate remained unchanged at 64.9 per cent.

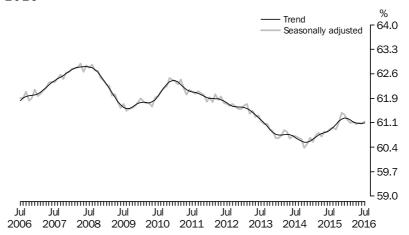
Seasonally adjusted employment increased by 26,200. The increase in seasonally adjusted part-time employment and decrease in full-time employment in July 2016 more than offset the opposite movements that were observed in June 2016, in line with the trend series. Since January 2016, part-time employment has increased by 101,200 persons, with increases in both male and female part-time employment of 56,300 and 44,900, respectively. Over the same period full-time employment decreased by 19,900.

Seasonally adjusted monthly hours worked in all jobs increased 3.7 million hours (0.2%) in July 2016, to 1,660.9 million hours.

The seasonally adjusted employment to population ratio increased by 0.1 percentage points, to 61.2% in July 2016.

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES continued

EMPLOYMENT TO POPULATION RATIO, PERSONS, July 2006 to July 2016



STATE ESTIMATES

Trend employment in July 2016 was strongest in Victoria (up 7,900 persons) and New South Wales (up 6,500 persons). The largest decrease was in Queensland (down 1,500 persons).

In seasonally adjusted terms, all the states had increases in employment in July 2016 except for Tasmania, where employment decreased marginally, by 700 persons. The largest employment increase was in Queensland (up 12,300 persons).

The trend unemployment rate decreased in all the states and territories except Western Australia (up 0.1 percentage points). The largest decreases were in Northern Territory (down 0.2 percentage point) and South Australia (down 0.1 percentage points).

The decreases in the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate were in South Australia (down 0.6 percentage points), Queensland and Tasmania (both down 0.3 percentage points) and New South Wales (down 0.1 percentage points). There were increases in Western Australia (up 0.5 percentage points) and Victoria (up 0.2 percentage points).

The largest trend participation rate increases were in Victoria, Northern Territory and Australian Capital Territory (up 0.1 percentage points). There were decreases in Queensland and Tasmania (down 0.1 percentage points).

The largest increases in the seasonally adjusted participation rate was in Western Australia (up 0.5 percentage points). There were decreases in the seasonally adjusted participation rates in Tasmania (down 0.4 percentage points), South Australia (down 0.2 percentage points) and New South Wales (down 0.1 percentage points).

Seasonally adjusted estimates are not published for the territories and the ABS recommends using trend estimates to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series.

LABOUR FORCE COMMENTARY JULY 2016 continued

STATE ESTIMATES continued UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, STATES AND TERRITORIES

	TRENI)	SEASON ADJUSTI	
	June	July	June	July
	%	%	%	%
New South Wales	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.2
Victoria	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.9
Queensland	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.1
South Australia	6.7	6.6	7.0	6.4
Western Australia	5.9	6.0	5.7	6.3
Tasmania	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.2
Northern Territory	3.7	3.5	np	np
Australian Capital				
Territory	3.7	3.6	np	np
Australia	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

INSIGHTS FROM THE ORIGINAL DATA

SAMPLE COMPOSITION

The Labour Force Survey sample can be thought of as comprising eight sub-samples (or rotation groups), with each sub-sample remaining in the survey for eight months, and one rotation group "rotating out" each month and being replaced by a new group "rotating in". This sample rotation is important in ensuring that seven-eighths of the sample are common from one month to the next, to ensure that changes in the estimates reflect real changes in the labour market, rather than the sample. In addition, the replacement sample is generally selected from the same geographic areas as the outgoing one, as part of a representative sampling approach.

When considering movements in the original estimates, it is possible to decompose the sample into three components:

- the matched common sample (survey respondents who responded in both June and July);
- the unmatched common sample (respondents in July but who did not respond in June, or vice versa); and
- the incoming rotation group (who replaced respondents who rotated out in June).

The detailed decomposition of each of these movements is included in the data cube 'Insights From the Original Data'.

In considering the three components of the sample, it is important to remember that the matched common sample describes the change observed for the same respondents between June and July, while the other two components reflect differences between the aggregate labour force status of different groups of people.

While the rotation groups are designed to be representative of the population, the outgoing and incoming rotation groups will almost always have somewhat different characteristics, as a result of the groups representing a sample of different households and people. The design of the survey, including the weighting and estimation processes, ensures that these differences are generally relatively minor and seeks to ensure that differences in characteristics of rotation groups do not affect the representativeness of the survey and its estimates. Monthly estimates are always designed to be representative of their respective months, regardless of the relative contribution of the three components of the sample.

INCOMING ROTATION GROUP

In original terms, the incoming rotation group in July 2016 had the same Employment to Population ratio as the group it replaced (62.1% in both June and July 2016). The proportion of employed people who were employed full-time was higher than the group it replaced, 67.9% of employed people were employed full-time in the outgoing rotation group in June 2016 and 69.2% of employed people were employed full-time in the incoming rotation group in July 2016.

The incoming rotation group in July 2016 had a smaller share of the Civilian Population aged 15 and over than the group it replaced (12.2% in June 2016 and 11.5% in July 2016).

OUTGOING ROTATION GROUP In looking ahead to the August 2016 estimates, the outgoing rotation group in July 2016, which will be replaced by a new incoming rotation group in August 2016, had a higher employment to population ratio (62.5% in July 2016) compared to the sample as a whole (61.2% in July 2016).

INSIGHTS FROM THE ORIGINAL DATA continued

OUTGOING ROTATION
GROUP continued

In original terms, the unemployment rate for the outgoing rotation group in July 2016 was 4.4%, which was lower than for the 5.6% whole sample. The participation rate for the outgoing rotation group in July 2016 was 65.3%, slightly higher than the 64.8% for the whole sample.

THE IMPORTANCE OF TREND DATA

As the gross flows and rotation group data are presented in original terms they are not directly comparable to the seasonally adjusted and trend data discussed elsewhere in the commentary, and are included to provide additional information for the original data. Since the original data are unadjusted, they have a considerable level of inherent sampling variability, which is specifically adjusted for in the trend series. The trend data provide the best measure of the underlying behaviour of the labour market and are the focus of the commentary in this publication.

WHAT'S NEW IN THE LABOUR FORCE

ANNUAL BENCHMARKING
OF MONTHLY HOURS
WORKED

Each year in the July release of the labour force survey the monthly hours worked in all jobs series is benchmarked to an annual hours worked level. This year's annual benchmarking has resulted in revisions to the monthly hours worked in all jobs series, with a shift in the level of around 1 per cent from 2012-13. Further information is detailed in Revisions to Monthly Hours Worked for all Jobs, in this issue.

For details on the modelling methodology used to produce these estimates, refer to the Information Paper: Expansion of Hours Worked Estimates from the Labour Force Survey, Australia, 2009 (cat. no. 6290.0.55.001).

CHANGES TO LABOUR FORCE OUTPUT FORMATS

Commencing with next month's detailed publication, the August 2016 issue of the Labour Force, Australia, Detailed - Electronic Delivery (cat.no. 6291.0.55.001), the ABS plans to publish detailed Labour Force data in pivot table format, in addition to the existing suite of SuperTable data cube outputs.

Pivot tables will increase the accessibility of Labour Force data, as well as provide a long term replacement for the unsupported Summary Record Database (SRD) format. The ABS will continue to release the SRD data cubes for a further twelve months, to allow for a transition to pivot tables, after which the ABS intends to cease publishing Labour Force SRD data cubes.

With the November 2016 publication of the Labour Force, Australia, Detailed, Quarterly (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003), the ABS expects to commence a similar twelve month process to transition from SRD data cubes to pivot tables.

A similar transition for the GM1 data cube in Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0) will also commence, most likely in 2017.

The pivot table products will reflect the design and utility of the existing Summary Record Database (SRD) data cubes as closely as possible. In addition, the inclusion of a comma separated variable (CSV) source worksheet in each pivot table is expected to be of particular interest to people who undertake statistical analysis using a range of software.

NEW EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT DATA ITEMS

The following series are planned to be introduced with next month's, August 2016 issue of the Labour Force, Australia, Detailed, Quarterly (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003) publication:

- Educational attainment; and
- Educational attendance for the whole civilian population.

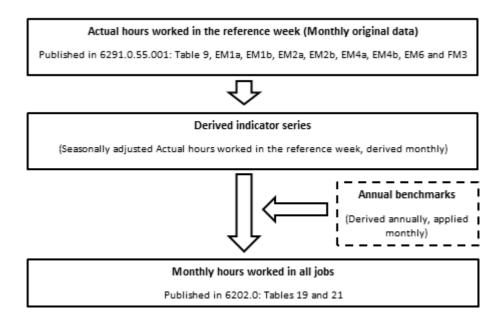
The new outputs are the result of changes initially announced in the Information Paper: Outcomes of the Labour Household Surveys Content Review, 2012 (cat. no. 6107.0).

An article will be released in conjunction with these new quarterly outputs, to assist with the interpretation of the data.

REVISIONS TO MONTHLY HOURS WORKED IN ALL JOBS

Since 2009, the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) has produced modelled estimates of monthly hours worked for all jobs.

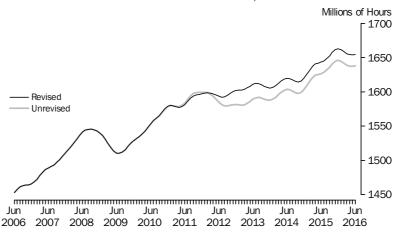
Each year, as part of the modelling approach, the monthly hours worked in all jobs series is 'benchmarked' to a new annual hours worked estimate, per the below diagram.



For this annual cycle the ABS has undertaken a more fundamental assessment of the components of this modelling, as part of an enhanced quality assurance process. This process identified some legacy public and school holiday profiles in the calculation of previous benchmarks, resulting in revisions in the number of monthly hours worked in all jobs series.

Revised modelled estimates can be found in Table 19 and Table 21. The following graph shows the effect of the revisions, which mainly reflect a shift in the level of the series by around 1 per cent since 2012-13, while the recently observed growth is largely unchanged.





REVISIONS TO MONTHLY HOURS WORKED IN ALL JOBS continued

continued

Productivity statistics are revised each year, following the annual benchmarking of monthly hours worked in all jobs and revisions to other inputs. Information on the impact of these latest revisions will be included in Estimates of Industry Multifactor Productivity, 2015-16 (cat. no. 5260.0.55.002), when it is released in late 2016. The increase in the level of hours worked will reduce the level of labour productivity in recent years, but have a minimal effect on recent productivity growth.

The ABS is continuing to explore a small number of improvements to the monthly hours worked in all jobs methodology, which may result in minor revisions to the data in future years. Further information on these will be published in Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0), in advance of any changes being made.



LABOUR FORCE STATUS (AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER), Australia: Trend

	EMPLOYED				UNEMPLOYED		LABOUR FORCE		
			En	nployment	Looked				
				to population	for full-time	Uno	mployment	Dr	articipation
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	ratio	work	Total	rate	Total	rate
	'000	'000	'000	%	'000	'000	%	'000	%
				PER	SONS				
July 2013	7 994.0	3 462.8	11 456.8	61.2	507.9	689.5	5.7	12 146.3	64.9
July 2014 2015	8 013.1	3 519.9	11 533.0	60.7	540.5	750.1	6.1	12 283.1	64.7
July	8 115.8	3 627.0	11 742.8	60.9	545.8	765.2	6.1	12 508.0	64.9
August	8 129.9	3 640.0	11 769.9	61.0	545.9	763.4	6.1	12 533.3	65.0
September	8 147.5	3 653.7	11 801.2	61.1	542.7	758.8	6.0	12 560.0	65.0
October	8 165.7	3 666.8	11 832.4	61.2	536.7	752.1	6.0	12 584.5	65.1
November	8 180.4	3 679.2	11 859.6	61.2	529.9	744.6	5.9	12 604.3	65.1
December	8 188.3	3 692.3	11 880.6	61.3	524.6	738.0	5.8	12 618.6	65.1
2016									
January	8 188.8	3 705.4	11 894.2	61.3	522.1	733.8	5.8	12 627.9	65.0
February	8 183.1	3 719.2	11 902.3	61.2	520.2	731.4	5.8	12 633.7	65.0
March	8 175.2	3 733.8	11 908.9	61.2	516.5	729.5	5.8	12 638.4	64.9
April	8 169.5	3 748.9	11 918.3	61.1	510.5	727.5	5.8	12 645.8	64.9
May	8 167.0	3 763.6	11 930.7	61.1	503.3	726.0	5.7	12 656.7	64.8
June	8 165.9	3 777.4	11 943.3	61.1	496.2	725.3	5.7	12 668.6	64.8
July	8 167.1	3 788.0	11 955.1	61.1	489.0	724.1	5.7	12 679.2	64.8
				MA	LES				
July 2013	5 158.8	1 048.9	6 207.7	67.3	306.1	377.1	5.7	6 584.8	71.4
July 2014	5 162.7	1 068.5	6 231.2	66.6	319.9	402.7	6.1	6 633.9	70.9
2015									
July	5 210.4	1 118.7	6 329.1	66.7	322.4	410.9	6.1	6 740.0	71.0
August	5 215.3	1 122.2	6 337.5	66.7	321.5	409.4	6.1	6 746.9	71.0
September	5 222.6	1 126.2	6 348.7	66.7	319.1	406.3	6.0	6 755.1	71.0
October	5 230.3	1 130.7	6 361.0	66.8	315.2	402.2	5.9	6 763.2	71.0
November	5 235.2	1 136.9	6 372.1	66.8	310.9	397.7	5.9	6 769.8	71.0
December	5 235.6	1 145.6	6 381.2	66.8	307.6	393.8	5.8	6 775.0	71.0
2016									
January	5 231.5	1 155.6	6 387.2	66.8	306.0	391.2	5.8	6 778.3	70.9
February	5 224.7	1 165.8	6 390.6	66.8	305.1	389.4	5.7	6 780.0	70.8
March	5 217.8	1 174.9	6 392.8	66.7	304.0	387.7	5.7	6 780.5	70.7
April	5 213.2	1 182.6	6 395.9	66.6	301.5	385.2	5.7	6 781.1	70.6
May	5 211.0	1 189.3	6 400.4	66.6	298.2	382.4	5.6	6 782.8	70.6
June	5 210.2	1 195.3	6 405.5	66.6	295.0	380.0	5.6	6 785.5	70.5
July	5 211.0	1 199.4	6 410.4	66.6	291.6	377.5	5.6	6 787.9	70.5
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1.1.0040	0.65				ALES				
July 2013	2 835.2	2 413.9	5 249.1	55.3	201.7	312.4	5.6	5 561.5	58.6
July 2014	2 850.4	2 451.3	5 301.8	55.0	220.6	347.4	6.1	5 649.2	58.6
2015	0.005.5	0.500.0	F 440.0	FF 0	000.5	0540	0.4	F 700 0	F0.0
July	2 905.5	2 508.3	5 413.8	55.3	223.5	354.3	6.1	5 768.0	59.0
August	2 914.6	2 517.8	5 432.5	55.5	224.5	354.0	6.1	5 786.5	59.1
September	2 924.9	2 527.6	5 452.5	55.6	223.6	352.5	6.1	5 805.0	59.2
October	2 935.4	2 536.0	5 471.4	55.7	221.4	349.9	6.0	5 821.3	59.3
November	2 945.2	2 542.3	5 487.5	55.8 55.0	218.9	347.0	5.9	5 834.5	59.4
December	2 952.7	2 546.8	5 499.4	55.9	217.0	344.2	5.9	5 843.6	59.4
2016									
January	2 957.2	2 549.8	5 507.0	55.9	216.2	342.6	5.9	5 849.6	59.4
February	2 958.4	2 553.3	5 511.7	55.8	215.1	342.0	5.8	5 853.7	59.3
March	2 957.3	2 558.8	5 516.2	55.8	212.6	341.7	5.8	5 857.9	59.3
April	2 956.2	2 566.2	5 522.5	55.8	209.0	342.3	5.8	5 864.8	59.3
	0.050.0	0.574.0							EO 2
May	2 956.0	2 574.3	5 530.3	55.8	205.0	343.6	5.8	5 873.9	59.3
May June July	2 956.0 2 955.7 2 956.2	2 574.3 2 582.1 2 588.6	5 530.3 5 537.8 5 544.7	55.8 55.8 55.9	205.0 201.2 197.4	343.6 345.3 346.6	5.8 5.9 5.9	5 873.9 5 883.1 5 891.3	59.3 59.4



LABOUR FORCE STATUS (AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER), Australia: Seasonally adjusted

	EMPLOYED				UNEMPLOYED			LABOUR FO	RCE
			E	mployment	Looked				
				to nonulation	for full-time	Una	mployment		Participation
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	population ratio	work	Total	rate	Total	rate rate
	'000	'000	'000	%	'000	'000	%	'000	%
				PER	SONS				
July 2013	7 986.8	3 464.0	11 450.8	61.2	502.7	679.5	5.6	12 130.4	64.8
July 2014	8 026.1	3 514.6	11 540.6	60.8	547.6	761.3	6.2	12 301.9	64.8
2015									
July	8 124.1	3 624.6	11 748.8	61.0	563.7	789.0	6.3	12 537.8	65.1
August	8 127.3	3 643.6	11 771.0	61.0	551.9	765.5	6.1	12 536.4	65.0
September	8 125.4	3 650.0	11 775.4	60.9	555.0	770.3	6.1	12 545.7	64.9
October	8 155.4	3 666.6	11 822.1	61.1	525.8	739.2	5.9	12 561.2	64.9
November	8 199.8	3 694.6	11 894.5	61.4	517.0	737.0	5.8	12 631.5	65.2
December	8 218.4	3 678.4	11 896.7	61.4	514.8	726.8	5.8	12 623.5	65.1
2016									
January	8 173.8	3 713.5	11 887.3	61.2	541.2	758.4	6.0	12 645.6	65.1
February	8 183.0	3 703.8	11 886.9	61.1	520.0	727.9	5.8	12 614.8	64.9
March	8 174.6	3 737.9	11 912.5	61.2	513.5	722.3	5.7	12 634.8	64.9
April	8 155.0	3 757.2	11 912.3	61.1	512.7	724.6	5.7	12 636.9	64.8
May	8 155.3	3 776.3	11 931.6	61.1	505.0	725.3	5.7	12 656.9	64.8
June	8 199.3	3 743.1	11 942.4	61.1	495.7	731.0	5.8	12 673.4	64.9
July	8 153.9	3 814.7	11 968.6	61.2	482.4	725.5	5.7	12 694.1	64.9
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				MA	LES				
July 2013	5 157.4	1 046.8	6 204.2	67.3	302.0	372.4	5.7	6 576.6	71.3
July 2014 2015	5 173.3	1 061.0	6 234.3	66.6	323.9	412.6	6.2	6 646.9	71.0
July	5 212.3	1 123.1	6 335.4	66.8	324.3	411.9	6.1	6 747.3	71.1
August	5 214.8	1 125.0	6 339.8	66.7	325.6	411.9	6.1	6 751.7	71.1
September	5 211.6	1 127.0	6 338.5	66.6	331.7	419.9	6.2	6 758.5	71.0
October	5 237.5	1 121.9	6 359.4	66.8	310.4	398.5	5.9	6 757.9	71.0
November	5 233.5	1 144.5	6 378.0	66.9	299.5	386.8	5.7	6 764.8	71.0
December	5 246.3	1 138.0	6 384.3	66.9	301.9	385.1	5.7	6 769.4	70.9
2016									
January	5 231.7	1 161.5	6 393.2	66.9	318.9	407.5	6.0	6 800.6	71.1
February	5 228.4	1 156.4	6 384.7	66.7	303.4	386.1	5.7	6 770.8	70.7
March	5 221.7	1 179.0	6 400.7	66.7	301.4	388.1	5.7	6 788.8	70.8
April	5 187.0	1 195.2	6 382.2	66.5	302.9	381.9	5.6	6 764.1	70.5
May	5 205.2	1 196.0	6 401.2	66.6	302.7	387.4	5.7	6 788.7	70.6
June	5 239.0	1 165.0	6 403.9	66.6	290.3	373.4	5.5	6 777.4	70.4
July	5 204.3	1 217.8	6 422.1	66.7	290.4	381.3	5.6	6 803.3	70.6
July	0 20	121.10	0 .22.2	00	200	001.0	0.0	0 000.0	
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	FEM	ALES	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
July 2013	2 829.5	2 417.2	5 246.7	55.3	200.7	307.1	5.5	5 553.8	58.5
July 2014 2015	2 852.8	2 453.6	5 306.4	55.0	223.7	348.7	6.2	5 655.0	58.7
July	2 911.9	2 501.5	5 413.4	55.3	239.3	377.1	6.5	5 790.5	59.2
August	2 912.5	2 518.6	5 431.2	55.5	226.4	353.6	6.1	5 784.7	59.1
September	2 913.8	2 523.1	5 436.9	55.4	223.3	350.4	6.1	5 787.3	59.0
October	2 918.0	2 544.7	5 462.6	55.6	215.4	340.7	5.9	5 803.3	59.1
November	2 966.3	2 550.1	5 516.4	56.1	217.6	350.2	6.0	5 866.7	59.7
December	2 972.0	2 540.4	5 512.4	56.0	212.8	341.6	5.8	5 854.1	59.5
2016									
	2 0/2 1	2 552 0	5 404 1	EE O	າງາ າ	350.0	6.0	E 0/E 0	EO 3
January Fobruary	2 942.1	2 552.0	5 494.1	55.8	222.3	350.9	6.0	5 845.0	59.3
February	2 954.7	2 547.5	5 502.1	55.7 55.8	216.5	341.9	5.8	5 844.0	59.2
March	2 952.8	2 559.0	5 511.8	55.8 EE 0	212.0	334.2	5.7	5 846.0	59.1
April	2 968.0	2 562.0	5 530.1	55.9	209.8	342.8	5.8	5 872.8	59.3
May	2 950.0	2 580.3	5 530.3	55.8	202.4	337.9	5.8	5 868.3	59.2
June	2 960.3	2 578.1	5 538.4	55.8	205.4	357.5	6.1	5 896.0	59.4
July	2 949.6	2 596.9	5 546.5	55.9	192.0	344.2	5.8	5 890.7	59.3



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9

	EMPLOYED				UNEMPLO	/ED		LABOUR FO	RCE		
			Er	mployment	Looked					Not	Civilian
				to	for full-		Unemp-		Partici-	in the	population
	Full-	Part-		population 	time	.	loyment	+	pation	labour	aged 15
	time	time	Total	ratio	work	Total	rate	Total	rate	force	and over
	'000	'000	'000	%	'000	'000	%	'000	%	'000	'000
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • •	PEI	RSONS	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	
July 2013	8 011.2	3 462.6	11 473.8	61.3	482.8	645.9	5.3	12 119.7	64.8	6 593.8	18 713.5
July 2014	8 039.9	3 493.5	11 533.4	60.7	539.8	740.6	6.0	12 274.0	64.6	6 722.4	18 996.4
2015	0.444.4	0.000.7	44 7440	00.0	550.7	770.0	0.0	40.545.4	040	0.750.0	40.070.0
July	8 141.1	3 603.7	11 744.8	60.9	556.7	770.3	6.2	12 515.1	64.9	6 758.2 6 850.4	19 273.3 19 297.1
August September	8 045.2 8 101.1	3 640.7 3 654.1	11 685.9 11 755.2	60.6 60.8	541.4 536.9	760.7 752.9	6.1 6.0	12 446.6 12 508.1	64.5 64.7	6 812.7	19 320.9
October	8 134.4	3 712.8	11 847.2	61.3	507.8	714.7	5.7	12 561.9	64.7	6 779.5	19 320.9
November	8 211.9	3 704.3	11 916.1	61.5	487.4	689.0	5.5	12 605.2	65.1	6 756.7	19 341.4
December	8 336.7	3 667.1	12 003.8	61.9	497.7	703.4	5.5	12 707.2	65.6	6 675.2	19 382.4
2016	0 000.1	0 001.1	12 000.0	01.0	10111	700.1	0.0	12 101.2	00.0	0 010.2	10 002.1
January	8 142.7	3 596.1	11 738.8	60.5	593.6	814.6	6.5	12 553.4	64.7	6 859.8	19 413.2
February	8 280.1	3 671.1	11 951.2	61.5	556.9	787.0	6.2	12 738.2	65.5	6 705.9	19 444.1
March	8 151.0	3 770.6	11 921.7	61.2	525.9	761.5	6.0	12 683.1	65.1	6 791.9	19 475.0
April	8 132.3	3 810.4	11 942.7	61.3	506.7	718.9	5.7	12 661.6	64.9	6 835.1	19 496.7
May	8 154.3	3 820.5	11 974.8	61.4	500.2	715.5	5.6	12 690.3	65.0	6 828.1	19 518.4
June	8 173.0	3 792.7	11 965.7	61.2	487.1	704.0	5.6	12 669.7	64.8	6 870.3	19 540.1
July	8 171.8	3 793.2	11 965.0	61.2	476.2	708.6	5.6	12 673.6	64.8	6 891.3	19 564.9
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •		ALES		• • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
luly 2012	E 166 7	1.054.0	6 001 F	67.4	202.2	256.4	E 4	6 577 6	71.0	0.646.4	0.004.0
July 2013 July 2014	5 166.7 5 176.5	1 054.8 1 050.9	6 221.5 6 227.4	67.4 66.6	293.2 322.1	356.1 405.3	5.4 6.1	6 577.6 6 632.7	71.3 70.9	2 646.4 2 723.0	9 224.0 9 355.7
2015											
July	5 216.7	1 113.5	6 330.2	66.7	322.8	405.4	6.0	6 735.6	71.0	2 755.2	9 490.8
August	5 172.6	1 109.7	6 282.4	66.1	335.7	417.6	6.2	6 699.9	70.5	2 802.6	9 502.5
September	5 186.4	1 131.7	6 318.1	66.4	323.5	415.6	6.2	6 733.7	70.8	2 780.6	9 514.3
October	5 228.5	1 135.4	6 363.9	66.8	305.6	390.2	5.8	6 754.1	70.9	2 769.9	9 524.0
November	5 246.5	1 133.6	6 380.1	66.9	286.3	366.6	5.4	6 746.7	70.8	2 787.0	9 533.7
December	5 322.2	1 118.8	6 440.9	67.5	288.9	375.7	5.5	6 816.7	71.4	2 726.7	9 543.4
2016											
January	5 215.7	1 118.7	6 334.5	66.3	349.4	444.8	6.6	6 779.2	70.9	2 779.6	9 558.8
February	5 288.9	1 134.6	6 423.5	67.1	317.4	407.5	6.0	6 831.0	71.3	2 743.3	9 574.3
March	5 217.0	1 188.4	6 405.4	66.8	304.2	400.9	5.9	6 806.3	71.0	2 783.4	9 589.7
April	5 176.9	1 229.3	6 406.2	66.7	297.1	373.3	5.5	6 779.5	70.6	2 821.0	9 600.5
May	5 201.1	1 225.7	6 426.8	66.9	294.7	375.4	5.5	6 802.2	70.8	2 809.1	9 611.3
June	5 214.8 5 208.7	1 198.4 1 208.9	6 413.2 6 417.6	66.7 66.6	283.8 288.4	358.5 374.8	5.3 5.5	6 771.7 6 792.4	70.4 70.5	2 850.5 2 842.0	9 622.2 9 634.4
July	3 206.1	1 200.9	0 417.0	00.0	200.4	314.0	5.5	0 192.4	70.5	2 042.0	9 034.4
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	FE	MALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
July 2013	2 844.6	2 407.8	5 252.3	55.3	189.6	289.8	5.2	5 542.2	58.4	3 947.4	9 489.5
July 2014 2015	2 863.4	2 442.7	5 306.0	55.0	217.8	335.3	5.9	5 641.3	58.5	3 999.5	9 640.7
July	2 924.3	2 490.2	5 414.6	55.3	234.0	364.9	6.3	5 779.5	59.1	4 003.0	9 782.5
August	2 872.5	2 531.0	5 403.5	55.2	205.7	343.2	6.0	5 746.7	58.7	4 047.9	9 794.5
September	2 914.7	2 522.4	5 437.1	55.4	213.3	337.4	5.8	5 774.5	58.9	4 032.1	9 806.6
October	2 905.8	2 577.4	5 483.3	55.9	202.1	324.5	5.6	5 807.8	59.2	4 009.6	9 817.4
November	2 965.4	2 570.6	5 536.1	56.3	201.1	322.4	5.5	5 858.5	59.6	3 969.7	9 828.1
December	3 014.5	2 548.3	5 562.8	56.5	208.8	327.7	5.6	5 890.5	59.9	3 948.4	9 839.0
2016											
January	2 927.0	2 477.3	5 404.3	54.8	244.2	369.9	6.4	5 774.2	58.6	4 080.2	9 854.4
February	2 991.2	2 536.5	5 527.6	56.0	239.5	379.5	6.4	5 907.2	59.9	3 962.7	9 869.9
March	2 934.1	2 582.2	5 516.3	55.8	221.7	360.5	6.1	5 876.8	59.4	4 008.5	9 885.3
April	2 955.4	2 581.0	5 536.4	55.9	209.6	345.7	5.9	5 882.1	59.4	4 014.0	9 896.2
May	2 953.2	2 594.8	5 548.0	56.0	205.4	340.1	5.8	5 888.1	59.4	4 018.9	9 907.0
June	2 958.2	2 594.3	5 552.5	56.0	203.3	345.6	5.9	5 898.0	59.5	4 019.8	9 917.9
July	2 963.1	2 584.3	5 547.4	55.9	187.8	333.8	5.7	5 881.2	59.2	4 049.3	9 930.5

ABS • LABOUR FORCE • 6202.0 • JUL 2016 13



LABOUR FORCE STATUS (AGED 15 YEARS & OVER), States & Territories—July 2016

	EMPLOYE	MPLOYED UNEMPLOYED		_OYED	LABOUR FO	DRCE	
			to		I la a ma a la ma a a t	Lohous	Doutioination
	Full-time	Total	population ratio	Total	Unemployment rate	Labour force	Participation rate
	r dir-dirie	iotai	7410	Total	rate	TOTCE	rate
	'000	'000	%	'000	%	'000	%
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	TREND	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			IKEND				
New South Wales	2 619.0	3 820.8	60.9	208.7	5.2	4 029.4	64.2
Victoria	2 065.3	3 041.8	61.4	184.8	5.7	3 226.6	65.2
Oueensland	1 630.6	2 352.7	60.7	158.9	6.3	2 511.6	64.8
South Australia	523.6	813.1	57.8	57.9	6.6	871.0	61.9
Western Australia	911.5	1 350.3	63.8	85.5	6.0	1 435.8	67.8
Tasmania	154.7	236.3	55.6	16.0	6.4	252.3	59.3
Northern Territory	109.0	135.2	72.3	5.0	3.5	140.1	74.9
Australian Capital Territory	158.7	213.8	67.6	8.1	3.6	221.9	70.1
Australia	8 167.1	11 955.1	61.1	724.1	5.7	12 679.2	64.8
		SEA	SONALLY ADJU	JSTED			
New South Wales	2 600.9	3 816.6	60.8	207.9	5.2	4 024.5	64.1
Victoria	2 067.1	3 043.5	61.4	189.5	5.9	3 233.0	65.3
Queensland	1 636.0	2 363.5	60.9	153.5	6.1	2 517.0	64.9
South Australia	526.5	814.9	57.9	55.3	6.4	870.2	61.8
Western Australia	906.9	1 349.2	63.7	90.3	6.3	1 439.5	68.0
Tasmania	154.1	235.8	55.4	15.7	6.2	251.4	59.1
Australia	8 153.9	11 968.6	61.2	725.5	5.7	12 694.1	64.9
			ORIGINAL				
New South Wales	2 606.4	3 813.4	60.8	202.4	5.0	4 015.8	64.0
Victoria	2 061.4	3 046.5	61.5	184.7	5.7	3 231.2	65.2
Queensland	1 653.3	2 360.7	60.9	147.2	5.9	2 507.9	64.7
South Australia	524.7	813.4	57.8	54.8	6.3	868.2	61.7
Western Australia	902.7	1 346.8	63.6	91.7	6.4	1 438.5	67.9
Tasmania	152.8	234.4	55.1	15.0	6.0	249.4	58.6
Northern Territory	108.3	134.4	71.8	5.0	3.6	139.4	74.5
Australian Capital Territory	162.3	215.4	68.1	7.7	3.5	223.1	70.5
Australia	8 171.8	11 965.0	61.2	708.6	5.6	12 673.6	64.8



	EMPLOYEI FULL-TIME		EMPLOYE	D TOTAL	UNEMP TOTAL	LOYED	UNEMF RATE	PLOYMENT	PARTIC RATE	CIPATION	CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER
	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Seasonally Trend adjusted		Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Seasonally Trend adjusted		Original
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%	%	'000
								,,,			
					Р	ERSONS					
July 2013	2 516.8	2 508.8	3 601.9	3 595.8	215.7	212.5	5.6	5.6	63.6	63.5	6 001.0
July 2014	2 539.6	2 560.4	3 616.0	3 615.2	221.3	221.5	5.8	5.8	63.0	63.0	6 090.8
2015 July	2 617.7	2 633.5	3 718.0	3 726.6	230.4	234.0	5.8	5.9	63.9	64.1	6 181.5
August	2 633.6	2 632.3	3 735.0	3 736.0	228.2	232.7	5.8	5.9	64.0	64.1	6 189.2
September	2 648.3	2 620.1	3 752.3	3 740.3	224.4	228.9	5.6	5.8	64.2	64.1	6 196.8
October	2 658.5	2 659.7	3 767.6	3 755.4	219.7	218.4	5.5	5.5	64.3	64.1	6 204.3
November	2 662.3	2 682.5	3 778.4	3 801.7	215.3	207.0	5.4	5.2	64.3	64.5	6 211.7
December	2 660.2	2 685.6	3 784.7	3 798.4	212.2	206.2	5.3	5.1	64.3	64.4	6 219.1
2016											
January	2 653.8	2 636.4	3 788.2	3 782.7	210.8	221.1	5.3	5.5	64.2	64.3	6 229.1
February	2 644.7	2 637.4	3 790.6	3 779.5	210.8	209.9	5.3	5.3	64.1	63.9	6 239.2
March	2 635.5	2 618.0	3 793.9	3 784.3	211.0	209.4	5.3	5.2	64.1	63.9	6 249.2
April	2 629.1	2 638.1 2 631.2	3 799.7 3 807.1	3 793.8 3 827.0	210.8	211.8 208.1	5.3 5.2	5.3 5.2	64.1	64.0 64.4	6 255.8 6 262.3
May June	2 624.9 2 621.0	2 633.3	3 814.3	3 815.2	210.2 209.6	212.3	5.2	5.2	64.1 64.2	64.2	6 268.9
July	2 619.0	2 600.9	3 820.8	3 816.6	208.7	207.9	5.2	5.2	64.2	64.1	6 276.8
						MALES	•				
July 2013	1 605.8	1 606.8	1 951.6	1 952.5	114.2	110.0	5.5	5.3	70.1	70.0	2 946.6
July 2014 2015	1 629.9	1 650.9	1 960.2	1 964.2	117.3	116.8	5.6	5.6	69.5	69.6	2 988.6
July	1 655.6	1 665.1	2 006.2	2 005.6	115.2	114.5	5.4	5.4	69.9	69.9	3 033.9
August September	1 660.2 1 664.7	1 663.4 1 640.3	2 010.0 2 014.1	2 011.0 2 007.0	114.5 113.3	117.6 116.6	5.4 5.3	5.5 5.5	69.9 69.9	70.1 69.8	3 037.9 3 041.8
October	1 667.7	1 678.1	2 014.1	2 007.0	111.5	113.4	5.2	5.3	69.9	70.0	3 045.6
November	1 668.0	1 676.5	2 020.2	2 027.0	109.6	102.5	5.1	4.8	69.8	69.8	3 049.3
December	1 666.1	1 672.2	2 020.8	2 023.1	108.4	107.9	5.1	5.1	69.7	69.8	3 053.1
2016											
January	1 662.7	1 656.3	2 020.8	2 023.3	108.2	110.2	5.1	5.2	69.6	69.8	3 058.2
February	1 658.4	1 660.4	2 021.5	2 014.7	108.7	108.8	5.1	5.1	69.5	69.3	3 063.4
March	1 654.4	1 643.9	2 023.4	2 019.0	109.4	109.0	5.1	5.1	69.5	69.3	3 068.6
April	1 652.3	1 650.3	2 027.0	2 018.9	109.6	111.4	5.1	5.2	69.6	69.3	3 071.9
May	1 651.2	1 658.9	2 031.3	2 046.8	109.4	111.3	5.1	5.2	69.6	70.2	3 075.2
June	1 650.2	1 656.2	2 035.3	2 035.2	109.0	104.6	5.1	4.9	69.7	69.5	3 078.5
July	1 649.7	1 641.9	2 038.7	2 036.6	108.7	110.2	5.1	5.1	69.7	69.6	3 082.5
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • F	EMALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
July 2013	911.0	902.0	1 650.3	1 643.3	101.4	102.5	5.8	5.9	57.3	57.2	3 054.4
July 2014	909.7	909.4	1 655.9	1 650.9	104.0	102.5	5.9	6.0	56.7	56.6	3 102.1
2015	000	000.	1 000.0	1 000.0	20	200	0.0	0.0	00	33.3	0 102.1
July	962.1	968.4	1 711.8	1 721.0	115.2	119.6	6.3	6.5	58.0	58.5	3 147.6
August	973.4	968.9	1 725.0	1 725.1	113.7	115.1	6.2	6.3	58.3	58.4	3 151.3
September	983.6	979.8	1 738.2	1 733.3	111.1	112.3	6.0	6.1	58.6	58.5	3 155.0
October	990.8	981.7	1 749.6	1 736.6	108.2	105.1	5.8	5.7	58.8	58.3	3 158.7
November	994.3	1 006.0	1 758.2	1 774.7	105.7	104.5	5.7	5.6	58.9	59.4	3 162.3
December	994.1	1 013.4	1 763.9	1 775.3	103.7	98.3	5.6	5.2	59.0	59.2	3 166.0
2016											
January	991.2	980.1	1 767.3	1 759.4	102.6	110.9	5.5	5.9	59.0	59.0	3 170.9
February	986.3	977.0	1 769.2	1 764.7	102.0	101.1	5.5	5.4	58.9	58.7	3 175.8
March	981.0	974.1	1 770.5	1 765.3	101.6	100.4	5.4	5.4	58.9	58.7	3 180.7
April	976.9	987.7	1 772.7	1 774.9	101.2	100.4	5.4	5.4	58.9	58.9	3 183.9
May	973.7	972.3	1 775.8	1 780.2	100.8	96.8	5.4	5.2	58.9	58.9	3 187.2
June	970.8	977.0	1 778.9	1 780.0	100.6	107.7	5.4	5.7 5.2	58.9	59.2	3 190.4
July	969.2	959.0	1 782.0	1 780.0	100.0	97.8	5.3	5.2	58.9	58.8	3 194.3

	EMPLOYED FULL-TIME		EMPLOYE	D TOTAL	UNEMP TOTAL			PLOYMENT		CIPATION	CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER
	••••••	•••••••	••••••	••••••	••••••	••••••	••••••	••••••	**********	••••••	***************************************
	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Original
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%	%	'000
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	PI	ERSONS	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
July 2013 July 2014 2015	1 951.8 1 956.5	1 951.0 1 946.0	2 863.3 2 872.5	2 862.0 2 878.0	175.4 207.2	171.6 211.3	5.8 6.7	5.7 6.8	64.9 64.6	64.8 64.8	4 684.3 4 768.6
July	1 962.8	1 977.6	2 947.4	2 950.5	191.8	201.1	6.1	6.4	64.6	64.9	4 858.0
August	1 965.9	1 959.0	2 951.3	2 944.5	190.7	187.1	6.1	6.0	64.6	64.4	4 866.4
September	1 971.7	1 964.7	2 957.3	2 947.8	189.8	196.4	6.0	6.2	64.6	64.5	4 874.9
October	1 979.9	1 976.9	2 964.4	2 971.5	189.7	175.4	6.0	5.6	64.6	64.5	4 882.0
November	1 988.9	1 992.6	2 972.0	2 988.4	189.7	194.7	6.0	6.1	64.7	65.1	4 889.2
December	1 997.5	2 010.3	2 979.4	2 977.8	189.6	187.5	6.0	5.9	64.7	64.6	4 896.3
2016 January	2 005.6	1 998.8	2 986.6	2 966.8	189.0	197.5	6.0	6.2	64.7	64.5	4 906.2
February	2 013.7	2 012.0	2 994.5	2 999.3	187.8	189.9	5.9	6.0	64.7	64.9	4 916.1
March	2 022.3	2 030.0	3 003.6	3 011.6	186.1	180.9	5.8	5.7	64.8	64.8	4 926.0
April	2 032.6	2 014.4	3 014.1	3 012.5	184.7	179.2	5.8	5.6	64.9	64.7	4 932.6
May	2 044.0	2 044.7	3 024.5	3 016.8	184.2	186.9	5.7	5.8	65.0	64.9	4 939.2
June	2 055.0	2 069.6	3 033.8	3 041.4	184.5	184.1	5.7	5.7	65.1	65.2	4 945.8
July	2 065.3	2 067.1	3 041.8	3 043.5	184.8	189.5	5.7	5.9	65.2	65.3	4 954.6
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	MALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	
July 2013	1 270.6	1 269.3	1 541.9	1 539.6	96.7	94.7	5.9	5.8	71.4	71.2	2 295.3
July 2014 2015	1 257.0	1 252.1	1 549.0	1 552.6	110.6	114.2	6.7	6.9	71.1	71.4	2 335.2
July	1 286.4	1 296.8	1 595.6	1 602.7	95.7	94.1	5.7	5.5	71.1	71.3	2 379.0
August	1 288.4	1 284.1	1 597.4	1 595.9	96.1	91.8	5.7	5.4	71.1	70.8	2 383.3 2 387.6
September October	1 291.2 1 294.7	1 284.3 1 295.6	1 600.1 1 603.6	1 592.9 1 606.8	97.3 98.9	106.4 93.1	5.7 5.8	6.3 5.5	71.1 71.2	71.2 71.1	2 391.0
November	1 294.7	1 293.6	1 603.6	1 600.8	100.1	103.2	5.8 5.9	6.0	71.2	71.1	2 391.0
December	1 301.4	1 313.7	1 613.8	1 618.8	100.1	97.2	5.8	5.7	71.5	71.6	2 398.0
2016											
January	1 304.5	1 296.3	1 620.5	1 609.0	99.2	101.3	5.8	5.9	71.6	71.2	2 402.9
February	1 308.0	1 305.4	1 627.6	1 630.5	97.4	102.8	5.6	5.9	71.7	72.0	2 407.8
March	1 312.1	1 315.8	1 634.3	1 637.7	95.5	93.3	5.5	5.4	71.7	71.7	2 412.7
April	1 317.6	1 311.0	1 640.6	1 642.1	93.7	88.3	5.4	5.1	71.8	71.6	2 416.0
May	1 323.8	1 321.4	1 646.1	1 644.5	92.4	93.5	5.3	5.4	71.9	71.8	2 419.2
June	1 329.6	1 341.0	1 650.4	1 654.4	91.8	91.5	5.3	5.2	71.9	72.1	2 422.5
July	1 335.4	1 333.7	1 654.0	1 650.0	91.3	94.4	5.2	5.4	72.0	71.9	2 426.9
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	F	EMALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
July 2013	681.2	681.8	1 321.4	1 322.4	78.7	76.9	5.6	5.5	58.6	58.6	2 389.0
July 2014 2015	699.5	693.9	1 323.5	1 325.4	96.6	97.1	6.8	6.8	58.4	58.5	2 433.4
July	676.4	680.9	1 351.8	1 347.8	96.1	107.0	6.6	7.4	58.4	58.7	2 478.9
August	677.5	674.9	1 354.0	1 348.6	94.6	95.3	6.5	6.6	58.3	58.1	2 483.1
September	680.5	680.4	1 357.2	1 354.9	92.6	90.1	6.4	6.2	58.3	58.1	2 487.3
October	685.2	681.3	1 360.8	1 364.7	90.8	82.3	6.3	5.7	58.3	58.1	2 491.0
November	690.7	693.8	1 363.9	1 378.9	89.6	91.5	6.2	6.2	58.3	58.9	2 494.7
December	696.1	696.6	1 365.6	1 359.0	89.3	90.4	6.1	6.2	58.2	58.0	2 498.3
2016											
January	701.1	702.5	1 366.1	1 357.8	89.7	96.2	6.2	6.6	58.2	58.1	2 503.3
February	705.7	706.5	1 366.9	1 368.8	90.3	87.2	6.2	6.0	58.1	58.0	2 508.3
March	710.2	714.2	1 369.3	1 373.9	90.6	87.6	6.2	6.0	58.1	58.1	2 513.3
April	715.0	703.5	1 373.5	1 370.5	91.0	90.9	6.2	6.2	58.2	58.1	2 516.7
May	720.3	723.3	1 378.4	1 372.3	91.8	93.3	6.2	6.4	58.3	58.2	2 520.0
June	725.4 729.8	728.6 733.4	1 383.5 1 387.8	1 387.0	92.7	92.6 95.1	6.3 6.3	6.3	58.5 58.6	58.6	2 523.3 2 527.7
July	129.8	133.4	1301.8	1 393.5	93.6	95.1	0.3	6.4	0.80	58.9	2 521.1

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	EMPLOYEI FULL-TIME		EMPLOYE	D TOTAL	UNEMP TOTAL	LOYED	UNEMF RATE	PLOYMENT	PARTIC RATE	CIPATION	CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER
	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Original
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%	%	'000
	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	P	ERSONS	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	
July 2013	1 636.4	1 643.4	2 299.8	2 305.1	143.5	141.9	5.9	5.8	65.7	65.8	3 717.2
July 2014	1 623.3	1 623.1	2 332.0	2 334.0	162.0	166.6	6.5	6.7	66.1	66.3	3 772.9
2015 July	1 644.2	1 630.3	2 343.8	2 337.6	157.0	162.3	6.3	6.5	65.4	65.4	3 824.1
August	1 641.3	1 637.2	2 348.9	2 346.8	156.4	158.9	6.2	6.3	65.4	65.5	3 828.2
September	1 641.0	1 642.1	2 355.3	2 352.6	155.8	156.7	6.2	6.2	65.5	65.5	3 832.4
October	1 644.4	1 641.2	2 362.6	2 363.0	154.7	155.1	6.1	6.2	65.6	65.6	3 836.4
November	1 649.7	1 650.9	2 369.7	2 368.1	153.3	149.6	6.1	5.9	65.7	65.6	3 840.3
December	1 654.2	1 652.5	2 374.6	2 374.6	152.2	148.9	6.0	5.9	65.7	65.6	3 844.2
2016											
January	1 655.2	1 657.2	2 375.1	2 386.4	152.4	164.8	6.0	6.5	65.7	66.3	3 849.5
February	1 652.4	1 670.2	2 371.5	2 376.8	154.0	141.1	6.1	5.6	65.5	65.3	3 854.8
March April	1 647.3 1 641.6	1 641.1 1 634.7	2 365.9 2 360.5	2 359.0 2 356.5	155.9 157.5	155.5 162.4	6.2 6.3	6.2 6.4	65.3 65.2	65.1 65.2	3 860.0 3 864.9
May	1 636.8	1 629.8	2 356.6	2 350.3	158.6	161.0	6.3	6.4	65.0	64.9	3 869.8
June	1 633.2	1 636.3	2 354.2	2 351.2	159.2	161.4	6.3	6.4	64.9	64.8	3 874.7
July	1 630.6	1 636.0	2 352.7	2 363.5	158.9	153.5	6.3	6.1	64.8	64.9	3 879.1
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	MALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	
July 2013	1 044.1	1 047.9	1 236.1	1 239.8	80.7	81.7	6.1	6.2	71.8	72.1	1 832.8
July 2014 2015	1 033.2	1 027.8	1 239.4	1 234.4	86.0	92.7	6.5	7.0	71.3	71.4	1 858.1
July	1 035.8	1 022.4	1 242.4	1 239.0	91.9	94.0	6.9	7.1	70.9	70.8	1 881.7
August	1 035.5	1 035.7	1 244.9	1 246.2	91.0	93.3	6.8	7.0	70.9	71.1	1 883.6
September	1 037.6	1 044.5	1 248.7	1 249.6	89.4	89.2	6.7	6.7	71.0	71.0	1 885.5
October November	1 041.7 1 046.0	1 038.8 1 043.1	1 253.6 1 258.4	1 251.3 1 256.3	87.2 84.9	87.9 81.4	6.5 6.3	6.6 6.1	71.0 71.1	71.0 70.8	1 887.2 1 888.9
December	1 048.4	1 045.1	1 261.4	1 250.5	83.2	80.3	6.2	6.0	71.1	70.8	1 890.6
	20.01.	20.0	1 201.	1 200.0	00.2	30.0	0.2	0.0		. 0.0	1 000.0
2016 January	1 047.2	1 055.7	1 261.5	1 271.4	82.5	94.4	6.1	6.9	71.0	72.1	1 893.1
February	1 043.3	1 053.7	1 259.0	1 264.8	82.9	69.6	6.2	5.2	70.8	70.4	1 895.7
March	1 038.3	1 033.1	1 255.1	1 252.3	83.9	86.2	6.3	6.4	70.5	70.5	1 898.2
April	1 033.4	1 024.7	1 251.4	1 243.4	84.8	87.4	6.3	6.6	70.3	70.0	1 900.5
May	1 029.9	1 021.7	1 249.0	1 245.2	85.4	86.3	6.4	6.5	70.1	70.0	1 902.9
June	1 027.8	1 033.7	1 247.9	1 247.6	85.7	88.5	6.4	6.6	70.0	70.1	1 905.2
July	1 026.6	1 034.0	1 247.4	1 257.2	85.5	81.6	6.4	6.1	69.9	70.2	1 907.3
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • F	EMALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
July 2013	592.4	595.5	1 063.6	1 065.3	62.8	60.2	5.6	5.3	59.8	59.7	1 884.4
July 2014 2015	590.2	595.3	1 092.5	1 099.6	76.0	73.8	6.5	6.3	61.0	61.3	1 914.9
July	608.4	607.9	1 101.4	1 098.6	65.0	68.2	5.6	5.8	60.1	60.1	1 942.4
August	605.7	601.4	1 104.0	1 100.6	65.4	65.6	5.6	5.6	60.1	60.0	1 944.6
September	603.4	597.7	1 106.6	1 103.0	66.4	67.5	5.7	5.8	60.2	60.1	1 946.9
October	602.7	602.3	1 109.0	1 111.7	67.5	67.2	5.7	5.7	60.4	60.5	1 949.1
November December	603.7	607.9	1 111.4	1 111.8	68.3	68.2	5.8	5.8	60.5	60.5	1 951.4
2016	605.8	607.1	1 113.1	1 115.1	69.0	68.6	5.8	5.8	60.5	60.6	1 953.6
January	608.0	601.5	1 113.5	1 115.0	69.9	70.4	5.9	5.9	60.5	60.6	1 956.4
February March	609.1	615.4	1 112.5	1 112.0	71.0	71.5	6.0 6.1	6.0 5.0	60.4	60.4 59.9	1 959.1
March April	609.0 608.2	608.0 610.0	1 110.7 1 109.1	1 106.7 1 113.1	72.0 72.7	69.3 75.0	6.1	5.9 6.3	60.3 60.2	59.9 60.5	1 961.9 1 964.4
April May	606.9	608.1	1 109.1	1 113.1	73.2	75.0 74.7	6.2	6.3	60.2	60.5	1 964.4
June	605.4	602.6	1 107.0	1 107.2	73.4	72.9	6.2	6.2	59.9	59.7	1 969.4
July	604.0	602.0	1 105.3	1 106.3	73.4	71.9	6.2	6.1	59.8	59.8	1 971.8
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	EMPLOY		EMPLOY	/ED TOTAL	TOTAL	PLOYED	RATE	PLOYMENT		CIPATION	CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER
	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Original
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	"" %	%	"" %	%	'000
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • •		• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
						PERSONS					
July 2013	535.2	532.6	803.4	798.8	53.9	57.1	6.3	6.7	62.5	62.4	1 372.1
July 2014 2015	537.0	532.7	804.1	801.6	56.7	58.4	6.6	6.8	62.1	62.1	1 385.2
July	524.7	525.7	803.4	802.3	68.1	68.8	7.8	7.9	62.4	62.3	1 397.1
August	523.9	527.0	803.0	805.5	67.9	68.0	7.8	7.8	62.3	62.5	1 397.8
September	523.5	525.0	803.2	797.7	66.5	65.5	7.6	7.6	62.2	61.7	1 398.6
October	523.7	519.0	804.1	803.3	64.8	65.4	7.5	7.5	62.1	62.1	1 399.0
November	524.1 524.8	525.7 524.4	805.6 807.4	809.3 808.3	63.5 62.6	63.2 61.8	7.3 7.2	7.2 7.1	62.1 62.1	62.3 62.2	1 399.4 1 399.8
December	324.6	324.4	607.4	000.3	02.0	01.0	1.2	7.1	02.1	02.2	1 399.0
2016 January	525.5	525.1	808.8	808.9	62.0	58.8	7.1	6.8	62.1	61.9	1 401.4
February	525.9	526.1	809.8	806.6	61.7	65.8	7.1	7.5	62.1	62.2	1 403.0
March	525.8	529.2	810.5	810.6	61.3	61.8	7.0	7.1	62.1	62.1	1 404.5
April	525.2	525.2	811.1	817.1	60.6	59.1	7.0	6.7	62.0	62.3	1 405.3
May	524.5	522.6	811.9	807.0	59.7	59.2	6.9	6.8	62.0	61.6	1 406.0
June	524.0	521.0	812.5	811.9	58.8	61.1	6.7	7.0	61.9	62.1	1 406.8
July	523.6	526.5	813.1	814.9	57.9	55.3	6.6	6.4	61.9	61.8	1 407.6
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	MALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
July 2013	350.1	350.2	433.7	431.1	29.2	30.9	6.3	6.7	68.8	68.6	673.2
July 2014 2015	355.4	353.7	433.3	432.4	31.6	33.6	6.8	7.2	68.4	68.6	679.4
July	343.3	344.3	425.3	421.3	39.1	39.3	8.4	8.5	67.7	67.2	685.5
August	341.4	342.0	424.4	425.2	39.1	39.1	8.4	8.4	67.6	67.7	685.9
September	340.1	342.2	424.3	423.7	38.1	38.6	8.2	8.4	67.4	67.4	686.2
October	339.5	337.0	424.6	425.5	36.9	35.8	8.0	7.8	67.2	67.2	686.4
November December	339.3 339.4	339.4 337.7	425.5 426.5	427.5 424.8	35.8 35.0	36.2 33.9	7.8 7.6	7.8 7.4	67.2 67.2	67.5 66.8	686.6 686.7
	339.4	331.1	420.5	424.0	33.0	33.9	7.0	1.4	01.2	00.0	000.7
2016	202 =	0.40.0	407.0	400 =	0.4.0				07.0		007.5
January	339.7	340.9	427.3	426.7	34.6	33.3	7.5	7.2	67.2	66.9	687.5
February March	339.9 339.6	340.8 341.3	428.0 428.6	426.7 430.2	34.3 34.1	36.4 34.0	7.4 7.4	7.9 7.3	67.2	67.3	688.3 689.1
April	339.0	338.5	429.1	430.2	33.7	32.7	7.3	7.0	67.2 67.1	67.4 67.5	689.5
May	338.2	336.8	429.5	426.1	33.2	34.9	7.2	7.6	67.1	66.8	689.9
June	337.5	336.9	429.7	427.8	32.6	31.3	7.1	6.8	67.0	66.5	690.2
July	336.8	337.4	429.9	431.7	32.1	31.6	6.9	6.8	66.9	67.1	690.7
						FEMALES					
July 2013	185.1	182.4	369.7	367.7	24.7	26.2	6.3	6.7	56.4	56.4	698.9
July 2014 2015	181.7	179.0	370.8	369.3	25.1	24.8	6.3	6.3	56.1	55.8	705.8
July August	181.4 182.4	181.4 185.0	378.2 378.6	381.0 380.3	29.0 28.8	29.5 28.9	7.1 7.1	7.2 7.1	57.2	57.7 57.5	711.6 712.0
August September	182.4	185.0 182.8	378.6	380.3 374.0	28.8	28.9 26.9	7.1	7.1 6.7	57.2 57.2	57.5 56.3	712.0 712.3
October	184.2	182.0	379.5	374.0 377.8	27.9	29.6	6.9	7.3	57.2	57.2	712.6
November	184.8	186.3	380.1	381.7	27.7	27.0	6.8	6.6	57.2	57.3	712.8
December	185.4	186.7	380.9	383.5	27.6	27.9	6.8	6.8	57.3	57.7	713.1
2016											
January	185.8	184.2	381.5	382.3	27.5	25.5	6.7	6.2	57.3	57.1	713.9
February	186.1	185.3	381.8	379.9	27.4	29.4	6.7	7.2	57.3	57.3	713.9
March	186.2	187.9	381.9	380.4	27.2	27.9	6.6	6.8	57.2	57.1	715.4
April	186.2	186.7	382.0	384.1	26.9	26.4	6.6	6.4	57.1	57.3	715.8
May	186.3	185.8	382.4	380.9	26.6	24.3	6.5	6.0	57.1	56.6	716.2
June	186.5	184.0	382.8	384.1	26.2	29.7	6.4	7.2	57.1	57.7	716.5
July	186.9	189.1	383.3	383.2	25.8	23.7	6.3	5.8	57.1	56.8	716.9



	EMPLOY		EMPLOYE	O TOTAL	UNEMP TOTAL	LOYED	UNEMF RATE	PLOYMENT	PARTIC RATE	EIPATION	CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER
	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Original
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%	%	'000
					Р	ERSONS					
July 2013	953.3	950.3	1 322.0	1 319.0	65.7	61.5	4.7	4.5	68.3	67.9	2 032.8
July 2014	946.2	958.0	1 337.4	1 339.3	69.9	68.8	5.0	4.9	68.1	68.2	2 065.4
2015 July	951.8	947.9	1 350.7	1 351.0	85.9	90.5	6.0	6.3	68.7	68.9	2 091.4
August	950.3	955.9	1 350.7	1 354.1	88.1	87.1	6.1	6.0	68.7	68.8	2 093.5
September	947.4	946.9	1 350.6	1 343.2	89.9	86.3	6.2	6.0	68.7	68.2	2 095.7
October	943.1	946.3	1 349.8	1 355.9	90.5	91.6	6.3	6.3	68.7	69.0	2 097.2
November	938.3	935.1	1 349.0	1 344.7	89.8	93.4	6.2	6.5	68.6	68.5	2 098.7
December	933.5	933.0	1 349.0	1 352.3	88.1	89.6	6.1	6.2	68.4	68.7	2 100.2
2016					0= 0	00.4		- 0	00.0		0.400.0
January	929.2	929.2	1 349.4	1 351.5	85.9	83.1	6.0	5.8	68.2	68.2	2 103.3
February	925.7 922.8	921.2	1 350.2 1 350.8	1 340.2	83.7 82.3	84.6 79.5	5.8	5.9	68.1 68.0	67.6 68.0	2 106.5 2 109.6
March April	922.8 919.9	928.2 921.6	1 350.8	1 354.9 1 355.1	82.3 82.2	79.5 81.0	5.7 5.7	5.5 5.6	67.9	68.0	2 109.6 2 111.7
May	916.8	910.6	1 351.2	1 354.2	82.9	83.8	5.8	5.8	67.8	68.0	2 113.7
June	913.9	919.7	1 350.7	1 345.7	84.0	82.1	5.9	5.7	67.8	67.5	2 115.7
July	911.5	906.9	1 350.3	1 349.2	85.5	90.3	6.0	6.3	67.8	68.0	2 118.0
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	MALES	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
July 2013	640.2	636.5	744.5	739.2	37.0	37.9	4.7	4.9	76.2	75.8	1 025.1
July 2014 2015	634.2	640.4	747.3	745.4	39.3	38.2	5.0	4.9	75.7	75.4	1 039.5
July	635.1	635.7	754.7	759.2	51.3	53.8	6.4	6.6	76.6	77.3	1 051.8
August	636.0	633.5	754.6	753.6	51.1	52.4	6.3	6.5	76.5	76.6	1 052.8
September	635.6	639.1	753.8	754.0	50.5	48.8	6.3	6.1	76.4	76.2	1 053.8
October	633.9	637.5	752.1	752.7	49.7	51.2	6.2	6.4	76.1	76.2	1 054.4
November December	631.0 627.6	629.7 626.3	750.0 748.3	748.6 749.6	48.9 48.4	44.5 49.8	6.1 6.1	5.6 6.2	75.7 75.4	75.2 75.7	1 055.1 1 055.8
	021.0	020.3	140.3	149.0	40.4	49.0	0.1	0.2	13.4	13.1	1 055.6
2016	004.2	000.0	7474	740.0	40.0	40.7	0.0	C 4	75.0	75.0	4.057.4
January	624.3 621.3	622.8 616.9	747.1 746.3	746.9 741.8	48.0 47.6	48.7 49.3	6.0 6.0	6.1 6.2	75.2 75.0	75.2 74.7	1 057.4 1 059.0
February March	618.7	626.9	746.3 745.4	747.2	46.9	49.5 46.5	5.9	5.9	74.7	74.7	1 060.6
April	616.3	611.8	744.3	747.8	46.1	45.1	5.8	5.7	74.5	74.7	1 061.6
May	613.7	615.9	743.0	744.5	45.5	45.8	5.8	5.8	74.2	74.4	1 062.5
June	611.1	610.3	741.4	737.9	45.1	42.6	5.7	5.5	73.9	73.4	1 063.5
July	608.9	606.5	740.1	738.7	45.0	47.8	5.7	6.1	73.8	73.9	1 064.6
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • •
						EMALES					
July 2013	313.1	313.8	577.4	579.8	28.7	23.6	4.7	3.9	60.1	59.9	1 007.7
July 2014 2015	312.1	317.6	590.1	594.0	30.6	30.6	4.9	4.9	60.5	60.9	1 025.9
July	316.7	312.2	596.0	591.8	34.6	36.7	5.5	5.8	60.7	60.5	1 039.6
August	314.4	322.4	596.2	600.5	37.0	34.7	5.8	5.5	60.8	61.0	1 040.7
September	311.8	307.8	596.7	589.2	39.3	37.5	6.2	6.0	61.1	60.1	1 041.9
October	309.2	308.8	597.7	603.2	40.8	40.4	6.4	6.3	61.2	61.7	1 042.7
November	307.3	305.3	599.0	596.1	40.9	48.8	6.4	7.6	61.3	61.8	1 043.6
December	306.0	306.7	600.7	602.8	39.7	39.8	6.2	6.2	61.3	61.5	1 044.4
2016											
January	305.0	306.4	602.4	604.6	37.8	34.5	5.9	5.4	61.2	61.1	1 046.0
February	304.5	304.2	603.9	598.5	36.1	35.3	5.6	5.6	61.1	60.5	1 047.5
March	304.1	301.3	605.4	607.8	35.4	33.0	5.5	5.2	61.1	61.1	1 049.0
April	303.6	309.9	606.9	607.3	36.0	36.0	5.6	5.6	61.2	61.3	1 050.1
May	303.2	294.8	608.2	609.7	37.4	37.9	5.8	5.9	61.4	61.6	1 051.1
June July	302.8 302.6	309.4 300.4	609.3 610.2	607.8 610.6	39.0 40.6	39.4 42.5	6.0 6.2	6.1 6.5	61.6 61.8	61.5 62.0	1 052.2 1 053.4
July	JUZ.0	300.4	010.2	010.6	40.0	42.0	0.2	0.5	01.0	02.0	1 003.4

CIVILIAN **POPULATION** UNEMPLOYED UNEMPLOYMENT **EMPLOYED** PARTICIPATION AGED 15 YEARS FULL-TIME TOTAL EMPLOYED TOTAL RATE RATE AND OVER Seasonally Seasonally Seasonally Seasonally Seasonally Trend adjusted Trend adjusted adjusted Trend adjusted Trend adiusted Original Trend '000 % % '000 '000 '000 '000 '000 '000 **PERSONS** 145.8 147.3 231.3 231.5 20.4 20.2 8.1 8.0 60.2 60.2 417.9 July 2013 July 2014 151.7 151.0 237.3 237.3 18.7 18.8 7.3 7.4 61.0 61.0 420.0 2015 July 155.5 155.5 240.9 240.3 16.8 17.1 6.5 6.6 61.0 60.9 422.5 August 156.1 158.2 241.4 242.7 16.5 16.4 6.4 6.3 61.0 61.3 422.8 September 156.3 157.1 241.5 242.1 16.4 15.4 6.3 6.0 61.0 60.9 423.0 October 156.0 156.3 240.9 240.4 16.5 16.8 6.4 6.5 60.8 60.8 423.1 November 155.3 154.6 240.0 241.4 16.8 17.0 6.5 60.7 423.3 6.6 61.0 154.8 239.0 237.2 60.4 423.4 December 153.7 17.0 17.3 6.6 6.8 60.1 2016 January 154.6 153.9 238.2 238.4 17.1 16.6 6.7 6.5 60.2 60.2 423.7 February 154.8 155.8 237.7 237.0 17.0 17.5 6.7 6.9 60.1 60.0 424.1 155.1 154.7 237.4 237.8 16.8 17.2 59.9 424.4 March 6.6 6.7 60.1 April 155.2 156.6 237.2 237.7 16.6 16.0 6.5 59.8 59.8 424.6 6.3 155.1 154.7 236.9 236.9 16.4 16.3 6.5 6.4 59.6 59.6 424.9 May 154.9 236.6 236.5 59.5 59.6 425.1 June 154.7 16.2 16.6 6.4 6.6 July 154.7 154.1 236.3 235.8 16.0 15.7 6.4 6.2 59.3 59.1 425.3 MALES July 2013 96.9 98.0 122.9 123.2 11.3 11.3 8.4 8.4 65.0 65.2 206.4 July 2014 100.4 99.4 126.3 127.1 10.8 10.7 7.9 7.8 66.1 66.5 207.3 2015 July 102.3 102.1 128.8 128.4 9.1 9.0 6.6 6.6 66.1 65.8 208.7 102.6 208.8 August 105.4 129.3 130.3 87 8.6 6.3 6.2 66.1 66.5 September 102.6 102.9 129.2 129.8 8.7 7.6 6.3 5.5 66.0 65.8 208.9 102.1 128.7 128.6 6.7 65.8 65.9 209.0 October 101.6 8.9 9.2 6.4 November 101.5 101.3 128.0 128.8 9.2 9.5 6.7 6.8 65.6 66.1 209.1 December 100.9 125.4 64.7 209.2 99.9 127.3 9.5 9.9 6.9 7.3 65.4 2016 100.7 100.4 126.8 127.1 9.6 9.6 7.0 7.0 65.1 65.3 209.3 January February 100.8 101.7 126.5 125.6 9.5 9.8 7.0 7.3 64.9 64.7 209.5 March 101.2 100.8 126.5 127.4 9.3 9.0 6.9 6.6 64.8 65.1 209.7 April 101.5 102.0 126.4 126.8 9.1 9.0 6.7 6.6 64.6 64.7 209.8 May 101.8 100.9 126.3 126.1 9.0 8.8 6.6 6.5 64.4 64.3 209.9 June 102.1 102.5 126.1 125 9 89 91 6.6 6.7 64 3 643 210.1 102.3 102.6 125.8 125.6 210.2 July 8.8 8.8 6.5 6.6 64.1 63.9 FEMALES July 2013 48.9 108.4 108.2 49.2 9.1 8.8 7.7 7.5 55.6 55.4 211.5 July 2014 51.3 51.7 110.2 55.9 55.6 212.6 111.1 7.9 8.1 6.6 6.9 2015 July 53.2 53.4 112.1 111.9 6.4 56.0 56.1 213.8 7.7 8.1 6.7 August 53.5 52.7 112.2 112.4 7.7 7.9 6.5 6.5 56.1 56.2 213.9 September 53.8 54.2 112.2 112.3 7.7 7.8 6.4 6.5 56.0 56.1 214.0 October 54.7 112.2 53.8 111.8 7.6 7.6 6.4 6.4 56.0 55.7 214.1 55.8 November 53.8 53.3 112.0 112.6 7.6 7.6 6.3 6.3 56.1 214.2 53.9 53.8 55.6 214.2 December 111.8 111.8 7.5 7.4 6.3 6.2 55.6 2016 January 53.9 53.5 111.5 111.3 7.5 7.0 6.3 5.9 55.5 55.2 214.4 February 54.0 54.1 111.2 111.3 7.5 7.7 6.3 6.5 55.3 55.5 214.6 53.9 53.9 110.9 110.4 7.5 6.4 55.2 55.2 214.7 March 8.2 6.9 53.7 54.6 110.8 111.0 7.5 7.0 55.1 214.8 April 6.3 6.0 54.9 May 53.3 53.8 110.6 110.8 7.4 7.5 6.3 6.3 54.9 55.0 214.9 June 52.8 52.2 110.5 110.6 7.3 7.6 6.2 54.8 55.0 215.0 6.4 July 52.4 51.5 110.4 110.2 7.2 6.8 6.1 5.8 54.7 54.4 215.1



	EMPLOYED FULL-TIME	EMPLOYED TOTAL	UNEMPLOYED TOTAL	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	PARTICIPATION RATE	CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER
						711D OVER
	Trend	Trend	Trend	Trend	Trend	Original
	'000	'000	'000	%	%	'000
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	DEDOON		• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •
			PERSON	S		
July 2013	104.4	129.5	7.8	5.7	75.0	182.9
July 2014 2015	107.2	129.7	5.9	4.4	73.4	184.8
July	109.2	134.4	6.4	4.6	75.8	185.9
August	109.0 108.5	134.0	6.4 6.3	4.5 4.5	75.5 75.2	185.9 185.9
September October	107.9	133.6 133.1	6.3	4.5 4.4	74.9	185.9
November	107.2	132.4	5.9	4.3	74.5	185.6
December	106.7	131.8	5.9	4.2	74.2	185.4
2016						
January	106.5	131.6	5.8	4.3	74.1	185.5
February	106.8	131.7	5.8	4.2	74.1	185.6
March	107.4	132.3	5.8	4.2	74.3	185.7
April	107.9	133.0	5.6	4.1	74.5	186.1
May	108.4	133.8	5.4	3.9	74.6	186.6
June	108.7	134.5	5.2	3.7	74.8	187.0
July	109.0	135.2	5.0	3.5	74.9	187.1
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	MALES	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •
July 2013	62.9	71.5	4.2	5.5	79.2	95.6
July 2014 2015	64.9	71.5	3.6	4.7	77.5	96.9
July	65.4	73.8	3.6	4.6	79.4	97.5
August	65.3	73.7	3.5	4.5	79.2	97.4
September	65.0	73.5	3.3	4.3	78.9	97.4
October	64.5	73.2	3.2	4.1	78.5	97.3
November December	63.8 63.1	72.5 71.8	3.1 3.1	4.1 4.2	77.9 77.2	97.1 97.0
	03.1	71.0	3.1	4.2	11.2	91.0
2016	CO 7	74.0	2.0	4.2	70.7	07.0
January	62.7 62.6	71.2 71.0	3.2 3.3	4.3 4.4	76.7 76.5	97.0 97.1
February March	62.9	71.0	3.3	4.4	76.5 76.6	97.1
April	63.4	71.7	3.3	4.4	77.0	97.4
May	63.8	72.3	3.3	4.4	77.4	97.7
June	64.2	72.9	3.3	4.3	77.9	98.0
July	64.6	73.5	3.3	4.2	78.4	98.0
• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
			FEMALE	S		
July 2013	41.5	57.9	3.6	5.9	70.5	87.3
July 2014	42.3	58.2	2.4	4.0	68.9	87.9
2015						
July	43.8	60.7	2.8	4.5	71.8	88.4
August	43.7	60.3	2.9	4.6	71.5	88.5
September	43.5	60.0	3.0	4.7	71.2	88.6
October	43.4	59.9	2.9	4.6	71.0	88.5
November December	43.4 43.6	59.9 60.0	2.8 2.7	4.5 4.3	70.9 70.9	88.5 88.4
	43.0	60.0	2.1	4.3	70.9	00.4
2016 January	43.9	60.4	2.6	4.2	71.2	88.5
February	44.2	60.8	2.6	4.2	71.2 71.5	88.5
March	44.5	61.1	2.4	3.9	71.7	88.6
April	44.5	61.3	2.3	3.6	71.7	88.7
May	44.6	61.5	2.1	3.3	71.6	88.9
June	44.5	61.6	1.9	3.0	71.4	89.0
July	44.5	61.7	1.7	2.7	71.2	89.1



	EMPLOYED FULL-TIME	EMPLOYED TOTAL	UNEMPLOYED TOTAL	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	PARTICIPATION RATE	CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER
	Trend	Trend	Trend	Trend	Trend	Original
	'000	'000	'000	%	%	'000
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
			PERSON	S		
July 2013	153.6	210.7	8.8	4.0	71.9	305.3
July 2014 2015	155.4	209.0	9.8	4.5	70.9	308.9
July	153.9	209.5	10.4	4.7	70.3	312.8
August	153.4	209.5	10.7	4.9	70.3	313.2
September	153.2	209.7	11.0	5.0	70.4	313.6
October	153.4	210.1	11.1	5.0	70.6	313.7
November December	154.0 154.5	210.6 211.0	11.0 10.7	5.0 4.8	70.6 70.6	313.8 313.9
	154.5	211.0	10.7	4.0	70.6	313.9
2016 January	154.9	211.2	10.2	4.6	70.4	314.4
February	155.3	211.2	9.7	4.6	70.4 70.2	314.4
March	155.9	211.4	9.1	4.4	70.2	315.4
April	156.6	212.1	8.7	3.9	69.9	315.6
May	157.4	212.6	8.4	3.8	70.0	315.9
June	158.1	213.2	8.2	3.7	70.0	316.1
July	158.7	213.8	8.1	3.6	70.1	316.5
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
			MALES			
July 2013	90.1	109.5	4.7	4.1	76.6	149.0
July 2014 2015	89.8	108.6	4.2	3.7	74.8	150.7
July	88.3	107.0	5.3	4.7	73.6	152.6
August	87.6	106.5	5.6	5.0	73.4	152.8
September	87.1	106.2	6.0	5.3	73.4	153.1
October	86.9	106.1	6.3	5.6	73.4	153.0
November December	87.0	106.0 106.0	6.4 6.3	5.7	73.4	153.0 153.0
	87.3	106.0	6.3	5.6	73.3	153.0
2016	07.7	1001	0.0	F 2	72.4	452.2
January February	87.7 88.2	106.1 106.3	6.0 5.5	5.3 4.9	73.1 72.9	153.3 153.5
March	88.7	106.3	5.1	4.5	72.9 72.7	153.5
April	89.1	107.3	4.7	4.2	72.8	153.9
May	89.6	107.9	4.5	4.0	73.0	154.0
June	89.9	108.5	4.4	3.9	73.2	154.1
July	90.3	109.0	4.4	3.8	73.5	154.3
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	FEMALE:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
July 2013	63.5	101.3	4.1	3.9	67.4	156.3
July 2013 July 2014 2015	65.7	100.4	5.6	5.3	67.4	158.2
July	65.6	102.5	5.0	4.7	67.1	160.2
August	65.8	102.9	5.1	4.7	67.4	160.4
September	66.1	103.5	5.0	4.6	67.6	160.5
October	66.5	104.1	4.9	4.5	67.8	160.6
November	66.9	104.6	4.6	4.2	67.9	160.7
December	67.1	104.9	4.4	4.0	67.9	160.8
2016						
January	67.1	105.1	4.2	3.9	67.9	161.1
February	67.1	105.1	4.1	3.8	67.7	161.4
March	67.2	105.0	4.0	3.7	67.5	161.6
April May	67.5 67.8	104.8 104.7	3.9 3.9	3.6 3.6	67.2 67.1	161.8 161.9
June	68.2	104.7	3.8	3.5	67.0	162.0
July	68.5	104.7	3.7	3.4	66.9	162.2
				 -		-



LABOUR FORCE STATUS (AGED 15-24 YEARS), Australia: Trend

	EMPLOYED				UNEMPLOY	LABOUR FORCE			
				Employment to	Looked for	Looked for			
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	population ratio	full-time work	part-time work only	Une Total	employment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	'000	%	'000	'000	'000	%	%
				Р	ERSONS				
July 2013	893.7	927.0	1 823.9	58.9	157.7	94.1	251.0	12.1	67.0
July 2014 2015	873.4	917.9	1 792.3	57.5	162.2	117.7	282.3	13.6	66.5
July	871.2	959.8	1 832.9	58.6	159.2	118.3	278.6	13.2	67.4
August	871.3	964.7	1 838.2	58.7	157.8	115.6	274.3	13.0	67.4
September	872.5	968.7	1 842.7	58.9	156.1	113.2	269.8	12.8	67.4
October	874.1	971.5	1 845.5	58.9	154.1	111.2	265.5	12.6	67.4
November	875.1	973.2	1 846.2	58.9	152.2	109.8	261.8	12.4	67.4
December	874.9	974.9	1 845.8	58.9	150.8	108.8	259.0	12.3	67.3
2016									
January	874.0	976.5	1 845.7	58.8	150.1	108.1	257.7	12.2	67.2
February	871.7	978.6	1 846.2	58.8	150.1	108.4	258.1	12.2	67.2
March	868.5	981.5	1 847.5	58.8	150.2	109.9	260.0	12.3	67.1
April	865.2	984.6	1 849.2	58.8	150.2	112.7	263.2	12.5	67.2
May	862.0	987.8	1 850.4	58.8	150.4	116.3	267.5	12.6	67.3
June	858.2	991.1	1 850.6	58.8	150.8	120.3	272.1	12.8	67.4
July	856.1	993.5	1 850.7	58.8	151.1	124.1	276.2	13.0	67.5
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	MALES	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
luly 2013	541.9	387.8	929.7	58.8	90.9	47.2	138.1	12.9	67.5
luly 2014	528.5	382.6	911.1	57.1	99.6	56.6	156.2	14.6	66.9
2015	E02.4	400.7	020.0	50.2	05.7	F0.2	455.4	112	00.0
July	523.1	409.7	932.8	58.3	95.7	59.3	155.1	14.3	68.0
August September	524.2 524.7	410.6 411.6	934.8 936.3	58.4 58.4	95.5 95.4	57.9 57.0	153.4 152.4	14.1 14.0	67.9 68.0
October	523.9	413.0	936.9	58.5	95.4 95.2	56.8	152.4	14.0	68.0
November	521.3	415.4	936.7	58.4	94.7	56.9	151.6	13.9	67.9
December	517.2	419.5	936.7	58.4	94.1	56.9	151.0	13.9	67.8
2016									
January	512.8	424.3	937.1	58.4	93.5	56.6	150.0	13.8	67.7
February	509.1	429.0	938.1	58.4	93.0	56.0	149.0	13.7	67.7
March	506.5	432.9	939.4	58.4	92.4	55.4	147.9	13.6	67.6
April	504.8	436.0	940.8	58.5	92.0	55.1	147.1	13.5	67.6
May	503.5	438.3	941.8	58.5	91.7	55.1	146.8	13.5	67.6
June July	502.3 501.9	440.2 441.5	942.5 943.4	58.5 58.6	91.6 91.6	55.3 55.6	147.0 147.2	13.5 13.5	67.6 67.7
July	301.9	441.5	943.4	30.0	91.0	33.0	141.2	10.0	01.1
				F	EMALES				
luly 2013	351.8	539.2	891.0	58.9	66.8	46.9	113.7	11.3	66.4
July 2014 2015	344.9	535.4	880.3	57.9	62.6	61.1	123.7	12.3	66.0
July	348.1	550.1	898.1	58.8	63.5	59.0	122.4	12.0	66.8
August	347.1	554.1	901.2	59.0	62.4	57.7	120.0	11.7	66.8
September	347.8	557.1	904.9	59.2	60.8	56.1	116.9	11.4	66.9
October	350.3	558.4	908.7	59.4	58.9	54.5	113.4	11.1	66.8
November	353.9	557.8	911.6	59.6	57.5	52.9	110.4	10.8	66.8
December	357.7	555.4	913.1	59.6	56.7	51.9	108.6	10.6	66.7
2016									
January	361.1	552.2	913.4	59.6	56.7	51.5	108.2	10.6	66.7
February	362.6	549.7	912.3	59.5	57.1	52.4	109.5	10.7	66.6
March	362.0	548.6	910.5	59.3	57.7	54.4	112.2	11.0	66.6
April	360.4	548.7	909.1	59.2	58.2	57.5	115.8	11.3	66.7
	252 5	E 40 =	0000	E0 1	FC -	04.0	4400	44 -	
May June	358.5 355.9	549.5 550.8	908.0 906.7	59.1 59.0	58.7 59.2	61.2 65.0	119.9 124.1	11.7 12.0	66.9 67.1

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LABOUR FORCE STATUS (AGED 15-24 YEARS), Australia: Seasonally adjusted

	EMPLOYED				UNEMPLOY	ED			LABOUR FORCE
	•••••	••••••••••		Employment	Looked	Looked	•••••••••••	••••••	••••••
			L	to	for	for			
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	population ratio	full-time work	part-time work only	Une Total	employment rate	Participation rate
						•			
	'000	'000	'000	%	'000	'000	'000	%	%
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	P	ERSONS				• • • • • • • • • •
July 2013	889.0	946.1	1 831.4	59.2	150.8	94.7	246.7	11.9	67.3
July 2014 2015	882.6	911.0	1 791.0	57.5	163.1	117.6	284.1	13.7	66.6
July	876.9	959.9	1 835.0	58.7	167.4	119.8	290.1	13.7	67.9
August	869.2	965.6	1 836.6	58.7	158.9	115.9	274.2	13.0	67.4
September	861.6	970.7	1 836.3	58.6	158.7	109.5	268.8	12.8	67.0
October	869.2	976.8	1 849.4	59.0	147.0	112.4	260.3	12.4	67.2
November	880.3	972.3	1 855.8	59.3	152.2	109.5	262.6	12.4	67.5
December	900.5	966.2	1 852.2	59.2	151.5	108.6	257.3	12.1	67.9
2016									
January	850.6	982.3	1 827.0	58.3	153.9	111.3	264.6	12.6	66.9
February	875.3	974.2	1 846.2	58.8	148.6	108.6	256.7	12.2	67.1
March	865.3	987.3	1 848.6	58.7	147.7	106.7	254.9	12.1	66.9
April	863.8	981.5	1 851.1	58.8	152.6	109.1	261.1	12.4	67.0
May	869.3	991.6	1 859.7	59.1	146.1	115.7	264.8	12.5	67.5
June	868.6	979.3	1 849.4	58.8	156.7	122.7	278.2	13.1	67.6
July	837.0	1 005.0	1 840.8	58.5	149.1	129.9	280.9	13.2	67.4
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	MALES	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
July 2013	543.0	393.1	936.1	59.2	83.7	50.7	134.5	12.6	67.7
July 2013	531.8	377.9	909.7	59.2 57.1	101.8	58.8	160.6	15.0	67.1
2015	001.0	01.10	000	01.12	101.0	33.3	100.0	10.0	02
July	523.6	410.5	934.1	58.4	100.5	56.0	156.5	14.3	68.1
August	523.7	411.9	935.6	58.4	96.6	58.1	154.7	14.2	68.0
September	526.5	409.6	936.1	58.4	96.6	56.3	152.9	14.0	67.9
October	526.4	415.0	941.4	58.7	92.7	57.7	150.3	13.8	68.1
November	519.7	413.7	933.5	58.3	93.2	56.7	149.8	13.8	67.6
December	522.9	416.1	939.0	58.6	94.7	55.5	150.2	13.8	68.0
2016									
January	503.8	427.9	931.7	58.1	97.1	59.6	156.7	14.4	67.8
February	513.6	423.6	937.2	58.3	92.5	55.5	147.9	13.6	67.5
March	506.7	437.9	944.6	58.7	89.5	56.3	145.7	13.4	67.7
April	496.7	440.5	937.2	58.2	92.8	51.8	144.6	13.4	67.2
May	506.8	442.4	949.1	59.0	90.2	56.7	146.9	13.4	68.1
June	510.3	423.4	933.7	58.0	94.7	53.2	147.9	13.7	67.2
July	495.4	451.1	946.5	58.8	90.9	58.9	149.8	13.7	68.1
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	F	EMALES	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
July 2013	346.1	553.0	899.1	59.5	67.0	44.0	111.0	11.0	66.8
July 2013 July 2014 2015	350.8	533.2	884.0	58.2	61.3	58.7	120.1	12.0	66.1
July	353.3	549.4	902.7	59.1	66.9	63.8	130.8	12.7	67.7
August	345.5	553.7	899.2	58.8	62.4	57.8	120.2	11.8	66.7
September	335.2	561.0	896.2	58.6	62.1	53.1	115.3	11.4	66.1
October	342.7	561.8	904.5	59.1	54.3	54.7	109.1	10.8	66.3
November	360.6	558.5	919.1	60.1	59.0	52.8	111.8	10.8	67.4
December	377.6	550.1	927.7	60.7	56.7	53.1	109.8	10.6	67.9
2016									
January	346.9	554.3	901.2	58.8	56.8	51.6	108.4	10.7	65.9
February	361.7	550.6	912.3	59.5	56.1	53.1	109.2	10.7	66.6
March	358.6	549.4	908.0	59.1	58.2	50.5	108.7	10.7	66.2
	367.1	541.0	908.1	59.1	59.8	57.3	117.2	11.4	66.7
April									
April May	362.5	549.2	911.8	59.4	55.9	59.0	114.9	11.2	66.9
•		549.2 555.8	911.8 914.2		55.9 62.0	59.0 69.4	114.9 131.4	11.2 12.6	66.9 68.1



LABOUR FORCE STATUS (AGED 15-24 YEARS), by Educational attendance (full-

time) — Australia: Original

	EMPLOY	ΈD			UNEMPL	OYED			LABOUR F	ORCE		
	•••••	•••••		••••••	•••••	••••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	Not	
				Emp.		Looked					Not in the	Civ.
				to	Looked	for part-					labour	pop.
	Full-	Part-		pop.	for full-	time		Unemp.		Part.	force	aged
	time	time	Total	ratio	time	only	Total	rate	Total	rate	(NILF)	15-24
	'000	'000	'000	%	'000	'000	'000	%	'000	%	'000	'000
				ATTE	NDING F	ULL-TIN	1E EDU	CATION				
Persons												
July 2013	63.2	612.8	676.0	42.5	22.5	72.6	95.2	12.3	771.2	48.4	820.6	1 591.8
July 2014	61.6	580.2	641.8	40.0	29.5	94.1	123.6	16.1	765.4	47.7	840.4	1 605.8
July 2015	79.3	611.8	691.1	42.2	24.3	94.3	118.6	14.6	809.6	49.4	828.4	1 638.0
July 2016	61.6	653.5	715.1	42.6	27.7	99.6	127.3	15.1	842.3	50.1	838.1	1 680.4
Males												
July 2013	38.8	249.8	288.6	37.1	10.7	39.6	50.4	14.9	339.0	43.6	438.1	777.1
July 2014	29.9	239.5	269.4	34.3	16.3	49.0	65.3	19.5	334.7	42.6	451.2	785.9
July 2015	38.8	252.8	291.6	36.8	13.6	44.6	58.2	16.6	349.8	44.1	443.1	792.9
July 2016	29.5	283.3	312.8	38.3	16.3	50.1	66.5	17.5	379.3	46.5	436.5	815.8
-												
Females	04.4	262.0	207.4	47 G	11.0	22.0	44.0	10.4	422.2	EO 4	202.4	0116
July 2013	24.4	363.0	387.4	47.6	11.8	33.0	44.8	10.4	432.2	53.1	382.4	814.6
July 2014	31.7	340.7	372.4	45.4	13.1	45.1	58.3	13.5	430.7	52.5	389.2	819.9
July 2015	40.5	358.9	399.4	47.3	10.7	49.7	60.4	13.1	459.8	54.4	385.3	845.1
July 2016	32.0	370.2	402.2	46.5	11.4	49.5	60.8	13.1	463.0	53.6	401.6	864.7
• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • • • •					• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
				NOT AT	TENDING	FULL-1	TIME ED	UCATION	N			
Persons												
July 2013	836.0	318.6	1 154.6	76.9	119.9	11.4	131.3	10.2	1 285.9	85.6	216.1	1 502.0
July 2014	832.6	312.9	1 145.5	75.9	129.5	15.1	144.6	11.2	1 290.1	85.5	218.5	1 508.6
July 2015	809.8	329.8	1 139.6	76.5	139.4	17.7	157.1	12.1	1 296.7	87.1	192.4	1 489.1
July 2016	787.8	333.0	1 120.8	76.4	118.3	22.4	140.7	11.2	1 261.5	86.0	206.1	1 467.6
Males												
July 2013	507.1	140.9	648.0	80.6	69.1	5.5	74.6	10.3	722.6	89.8	81.7	804.3
July 2014	505.5	128.2	633.7	78.4	84.3	6.8	91.1	12.6	724.7	89.6	83.7	808.5
July 2015	488.0	147.2	635.2	78.6	86.3	8.9	95.2	13.0	730.4	90.4	77.4	807.8
July 2016	468.8	157.0	625.7	78.7	74.1	6.2	80.3	11.4	706.0	88.8	89.0	795.1
-	.00.0	20.10	02011			0.2	00.0			00.0	00.0	
Females												
July 2013	328.9	177.7	506.6	72.6	50.8	5.9	56.7	10.1	563.3	80.7	134.3	697.6
July 2014	327.1	184.7	511.8	73.1	45.2	8.3	53.5	9.5	565.4	80.7	134.8	700.1
July 2015	321.8	182.5	504.3	74.0	53.2	8.8	61.9	10.9	566.3	83.1	115.0	681.3
July 2016	319.1	176.0	495.1	73.6	44.2	16.2	60.4	10.9	555.5	82.6	117.1	672.6
						TOTAL						
Persons												
July 2013	899.2	931.4	1 830.6	59.2	142.4	84.0	226.5	11.0	2 057.1	66.5	1 036.6	3 093.7
July 2014	894.2	893.1	1 787.3	57.4	159.0	109.2	268.2	13.0	2 055.5	66.0	1 058.9	3 114.4
July 2015	889.1	941.5	1 830.6	58.5	163.7	112.0	275.7	13.1	2 106.3	67.4	1 020.8	3 127.1
July 2016	849.4	986.5	1 835.9	58.3	146.0	121.9	268.0	12.7	2 103.8	66.8	1 044.2	3 148.1
Males												
July 2013	545.9	390.7	936.6	59.2	79.9	45.1	125.0	11.8	1 061.6	67.1	519.9	1 581.5
July 2014	535.4	367.7	903.0	56.6	100.6	55.8	156.4	14.8	1 059.4	66.4	534.9	1 594.4
July 2014 July 2015	526.8	400.1	926.9	57.9	99.9	53.5	153.4	14.8	1 039.4	67.5	520.5	1 600.8
July 2016	498.3	440.3	938.5	58.3	90.5	56.3	146.8	13.5	1 085.3	67.4	525.5	1 610.8
	100.0	7-0.0	555.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	1-0.0	10.0	1 000.0	51.4	525.5	1 010.0
Females										_		
July 2013	353.3	540.7	894.0	59.1	62.6	38.9	101.5	10.2	995.5	65.8	516.8	1 512.3
July 2014	358.8	525.4	884.2	58.2	58.4	53.4	111.8	11.2	996.0	65.5	524.0	1 520.0
July 2015	362.3	541.5	903.8	59.2	63.8	58.5	122.3	11.9	1 026.1	67.2	500.3	1 526.4
July 2016	351.1	546.2	897.3	58.4	55.5	65.6	121.2	11.9	1 018.5	66.3	518.7	1 537.2



LABOUR FORCE STATUS (AGED 15-24 YEARS), by State, Territory and Educational

attendance (full-time): Original—July 2016

	EMPLOY				UNEMPL	OYED			LABOUR F	ORCE		
	Full-	Part-		Emp. to pop.	Looked for full-	Looked for part- time		Unemp.		Part.	Not in the labour force	Civ. pop. aged
	time	time	Total	ratio	time	only	Total	rate	Total	rate	(NILF)	15-24
	'000	'000	'000	%	1000	'000	'000	%	'000	%	'000	'000
			ATTENDI	NG FU	LL-TIME	EDUC	ATION					
New South Wales	24.4	214.5	238.8	43.1	9.5	31.6	41.1	14.7	279.9	50.5	274.8	554.7
Victoria	14.2	174.1	188.3	41.7	5.5	31.9	37.4	16.6	225.7	49.9	226.2	451.9
Queensland	9.8	118.3	128.1	41.4	7.4	20.1	27.5	17.7	155.6	50.3	153.6	309.2
South Australia	3.5	45.2	48.7	40.1	*2.0	4.6	6.6	11.9	55.3	45.5	66.2	121.5
Western Australia	5.6	72.6	78.1	46.7	*1.9	8.4	10.3	11.6	88.4	52.8	79.0	167.4
Tasmania	*0.5	12.6	13.1	40.7	*0.9	1.4	2.3	14.9	15.4	47.9	16.8	32.2
Northern Territory	0.7	3.7	4.4	41.0	*0.1	*0.2	*0.2	*5.3	4.7	43.3	6.1	10.8
Australian Capital Territory	2.9	12.5	15.5	47.1	*0.4	*1.5	1.9	11.1	17.4	53.0	15.4	32.8
Australia	61.6	653.5	715.1	42.6	27.7	99.6	127.3	15.1	842.3	50.1	838.1	1 680.4
		NO	T ATTEN	IDING I	FULL-TIN	ME EDU	JCATIC	N				
New South Wales	237.8	100.0	337.8	76.1	31.3	7.9	39.2	10.4	377.0	84.9	67.1	444.2
Victoria	189.2	76.7	265.9	77.3	25.8	6.0	31.8	10.7	297.7	86.6	46.2	343.8
Queensland	178.3	77.8	256.1	75.8	31.1	*3.4	34.6	11.9	290.7	86.1	47.0	337.7
South Australia	48.9	23.6	72.5	75.7	9.1	*1.6	10.7	12.8	83.2	86.8	12.6	95.8
Western Australia	93.3	40.6	133.8	78.1	15.1	*2.3	17.4	11.5	151.2	88.2	20.2	171.4
Tasmania	15.9	6.8	22.7	68.5	3.7	*0.6	4.3	15.8	27.0	81.4	6.2	33.1
Northern Territory	11.8	3.8	15.6	69.1	1.5	*0.2	1.7	9.9	17.3	76.7	5.2	22.5
Australian Capital Territory	12.6	3.8	16.4	85.8	*0.6	*0.4	*1.0	*6.0	17.4	91.2	1.7	19.1
Australia	787.8	333.0	1 120.8	76.4	118.3	22.4	140.7	11.2	1 261.5	86.0	206.1	1 467.6
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					• • • • • •				• • • • • • •			• • • • •
					TOTAL							
New South Wales	262.2	314.5	576.6	57.7	40.8	39.5	80.3	12.2	656.9	65.8	342.0	998.9
Victoria	203.4	250.9	454.2	57.1	31.4	37.8	69.2	13.2	523.4	65.8	272.4	795.8
Queensland	188.1	196.1	384.2	59.4	38.6	23.5	62.1	13.9	446.3	69.0	200.6	646.9
South Australia	52.4	68.8	121.2	55.8	11.0	6.2	17.3	12.5	138.4	63.7	78.8	217.3
Western Australia	98.9	113.1	212.0	62.6	17.0	10.7	27.7	11.6	239.7	70.7	99.1	338.8
Tasmania	16.5	19.3	35.8	54.8	4.6	2.0	6.6	15.5	42.4	64.9	22.9	65.3
Northern Territory	12.4	7.5	20.0	60.0	1.6	0.3	2.0	8.9	21.9	65.9	11.3	33.3
Australian Capital Territory	15.5	16.3	31.8	61.3	*1.0	1.9	3.0	8.5	34.8	67.1	17.1	51.9
Australia	849.4	986.5	1 835.9	58.3	146.0	121.9	268.0	12.7	2 103.8	66.8	1 044.2	3 148.1

^{*} estimate is subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes



LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS)—Australia: Original—June 2016

	LABOUR FOR	CE STATUS IN J	JLY 2016				
						Not in the	
	Employed	Employed	Employed		Labour	labour	
	full-time	part-time	total	Unemployed	force	force (NILF)	Total
Labour force status in June 2016	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	DEDC	ONC	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
		PERS	ONS				
Matched sample							
Employed full-time	6 110.8	344.7	6 455.5	35.9	6 491.4	102.4	6 593.9
Employed part-time	337.5	2 534.1	2 871.6	51.5	2 923.2	182.3	3 105.4
Employed total	6 448.3	2 878.8	9 327.2	87.4	9 414.6	284.7	9 699.3
Unemployed	55.3	58.5	113.8	330.5	444.4	131.6	575.9
Labour force	6 503.6	2 937.4	9 441.0	418.0	9 858.9	416.3	10 275.2
Not in the labour force (NILF)	83.3	158.3	241.6	150.2	391.8	4 928.8	5 320.6
Total	6 586.9	3 095.6	9 682.5	568.2	10 250.7	5 345.1	15 595.8
Unmatched sample							
Unmatched in common sample	614.5	265.4	879.9	58.0	937.9	771.7	1 709.6
Incoming rotation group	970.4	432.2	1 402.6	82.4	1 485.0	774.5	2 259.4
Total	1 584.9	697.6	2 282.5	140.4	2 422.9	1 546.2	3 969.0
Civilian population aged 15 years and over	8 171.8	3 793.2	11 965.0	708.6	12 673.6	6 891.3	19 564.9
		MAL	.ES				
Matched sample							
Employed full-time	3 972.8	139.3	4 112.2	27.1	4 139.3	56.2	4 195.4
Employed part-time	148.5	742.7	891.2	25.4	916.6	64.1	980.7
Employed total	4 121.3	882.0	5 003.4	52.5	5 055.9	120.3	5 176.1
Unemployed	38.6	27.4	65.9	175.0	240.9	54.0	294.9
Labour force	4 159.9	909.4	5 069.3	227.4	5 296.8	174.2	5 471.0
Not in the labour force (NILF)	45.8	67.4	113.1	74.5	187.6	2 010.5	2 198.0
Total	4 205.7	976.8	5 182.5	301.9	5 484.4	2 184.7	7 669.0
Unmatched sample							
Unmatched in common sample	388.9	94.3	483.1	28.8	512.0	330.5	842.5
Incoming rotation group	614.2	137.8	752.0	44.0	796.1	326.8	1 122.9
Total	1 003.1	232.1	1 235.2	72.9	1 308.0	657.3	1 965.4
Civilian population aged 15 years and over	5 208.7	1 208.9	6 417.6	374.8	6 792.4	2 842.0	9 634.4
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		FEMA	LES				
Matched sample							
Employed full-time	2 138.0	205.4	2 343.3	8.8	2 352.2	46.3	2 398.4
Employed part-time	189.0	1 791.4	1 980.4	26.1	2 006.6	118.2	2 124.7
Employed total	2 327.0	1 996.8	4 323.8	34.9	4 358.7	164.5	4 523.2
Unemployed	16.8	31.1	47.9	155.6	203.5	77.6	281.1
Labour force	2 343.8	2 027.9	4 371.7	190.5	4 562.2	242.1	4 804.2
Not in the labour force (NILF)	37.5	90.9	128.4	75.8	204.2	2 918.4	3 122.6
Total	2 381.3	2 118.8	4 500.1	266.3	4 766.4	3 160.4	7 926.8
Unmatched sample							
Unmatched in common sample	225.6	171.1	396.7	29.2	425.9	441.2	867.1
Incoming rotation group	356.2	294.3	650.6	38.3	688.9	441.2 447.6	1 136.6
Total	581.8	465.5	1 047.3	67.5	1 114.8	888.8	2 003.7
Civilian population aged 15 years and over	2 963.1	2 584.3	5 547.4	333.8	5 881.2	4 049.3	9 930.5
population agod 20 jouro and over	_ 550.1	_ 55 1.5	5 5 11.7	300.0	0 001.2	. 5 10.0	5 550.0

			EMPLOYE	D	EMPLOYED		
	EMPLOYE	D TOTAL	FULL-TIME		PART-TI		
	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	
	millions	millions	millions	millions	millions	millions	
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		C C C C C C	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	
		F	PERSONS				
July 2013	1 612.3	1 617.1	1 366.0	1 370.1	246.2	247.0	
July 2014 2015	1 619.3	1 617.2	1 366.4	1 369.0	252.9	248.1	
July	1 645.1	1 642.2	1 380.4	1 377.3	264.7	264.9	
August	1 648.3	1 642.1	1 382.6	1 377.6	265.7	264.5	
September	1 652.5	1 653.8	1 385.8	1 386.8	266.7	267.1	
October	1 657.6	1 662.5	1 389.9	1 395.2	267.7	267.4	
November	1 661.4	1 659.9	1 392.7	1 389.6	268.8	270.3	
December	1 662.8	1 659.4	1 393.0	1 391.4	269.8	268.0	
2016							
January	1 661.6	1 668.5	1 390.8	1 396.7	270.7	271.8	
February	1 658.6	1 666.6	1 387.1	1 394.8	271.5	271.9	
March	1 655.8	1 651.4	1 383.5	1 380.6	272.3	270.8	
April	1 654.2	1 636.3	1 381.0	1 360.7	273.2	275.6	
May	1 653.9	1 661.3	1 379.7	1 389.2	274.2	272.1	
June	1 654.6	1 657.2	1 379.4	1 383.2	275.3	273.9	
July	1 655.6	1 660.9	1 379.5	1 381.9	276.1	279.0	
-							
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		MALES		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	
	0040	000.4		047.4	70.0	70.7	
July 2013	984.6	990.1	911.4	917.4	73.3	72.7	
July 2014 2015	986.8	985.9	911.1	912.2	75.7	73.7	
July	997.1	995.0	917.6	915.4	79.5	79.6	
August	998.1	994.2	918.3	915.1	79.9	79.1	
September	999.4	1 001.5	919.1	920.8	80.3	80.7	
October	1 000.8	1 005.0	920.1	925.0	80.7	80.0	
November	1 001.4	998.3	920.1	916.0	81.3	82.3	
December	1 001.1	1 001.0	918.9	919.8	82.2	81.3	
2016							
January	1 000.0	1 000.2	916.8	916.3	83.2	84.0	
February	998.6	1 004.3	914.4	921.2	84.2	83.1	
March	997.5	994.0	912.6	909.9	84.9	84.1	
April	997.0	988.1	911.6	899.1	85.3	88.9	
May	996.8	1 004.3	911.2	919.0	85.6	85.4	
June	996.9	996.9	911.2	913.7	85.7	83.1	
July	997.1	997.5	911.5	911.2	85.6	86.2	
						• • • • • • •	
		F	EMALES				
July 2013	627.7	627.0	454.7	452.7	173.0	174.3	
July 2014	632.5	631.3	455.4	456.8	177.1	174.4	
2015							
July	647.9	647.2	462.7	461.9	185.2	185.3	
August	650.2	647.9	464.4	462.5	185.8	185.4	
September	653.1	652.3	466.7	465.9	186.4	186.4	
October	656.7	657.6	469.8	470.1	187.0	187.4	
November	660.0	661.6	472.5	473.6	187.4	188.0	
December	661.7	658.4	474.1	471.6	187.6	186.7	
2016							
January	661.6	668.2	474.1	480.4	187.5	187.8	
February	660.0	662.4	472.7	473.6	187.3	188.8	
March	658.3	657.4	470.9	470.7	187.4	186.7	
April	657.2	648.2	469.4	461.5	187.4	186.7	
May	657.1	657.0	468.5	470.2	188.6	186.7	
June	657.8	660.3	468.2	469.5	189.6	190.8	
July	658.5	663.4	468.0	470.6	190.5	192.8	
2 313	555.0	555.1	.55.5			202.0	



MONTHLY HOURS WORKED IN ALL JOBS, by State and Territory

MONTHLY	HOURS	WORKED	IN	ΔII	IORS

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
	millions	millions	millions	millions	millions	millions	millions	millions	millions
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		TREN	D		• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •
July 2013	506.4	393.8	332.8	109.5	191.5	30.3	19.5	28.4	1 612.3
July 2014	507.1	394.3	332.6	111.9	193.1	31.4	20.0	28.9	1 619.3
2015									
July	522.9	404.8	334.9	108.0	193.6	31.9	20.5	28.5	1 645.1
August	525.6	404.9	335.9	108.0	193.0	32.0	20.4	28.5	1 648.3
September	527.9	405.9	337.2	108.2	192.4	32.0	20.4	28.6	1 652.5
October	530.0	407.6	338.5	108.5	191.8	32.0	20.3	28.7	1 657.6
November	531.9	409.1	339.3	108.7	191.2	32.0	20.3	28.9	1 661.4
December	533.3	409.9	339.3	108.7	190.4	31.9	20.2	29.0	1 662.8
2016									
January	533.8	409.9	338.6	108.7	189.5	31.8	20.2	29.0	1 661.6
February	533.4	409.5	337.5	108.7	188.6	31.7	20.2	29.0	1 658.6
March	532.2	409.3	336.8	108.6	187.9	31.6	20.3	29.0	1 655.8
April	530.9	409.7	336.4	108.6	187.5	31.6	20.4	29.1	1 654.2
May	530.0	410.6	336.1	108.7	187.2	31.7	20.5	29.2	1 653.9
June	529.4	412.1	335.8	108.8	187.0	31.8	20.6	29.3	1 654.6
July	529.0	413.3	335.6	108.8	186.9	31.9	20.7	29.3	1 655.6
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •					• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			SEA	SONALLY	ADJUSTE)			
July 2013	507.2	395.3	339.0	107.7	190.4	30.3	np	np	1 617.1
July 2014	506.2	393.3	332.9	110.9	194.3	31.3	np	np	1 617.2
2015									
July	527.5	404.7	327.4	108.3	193.4	32.0	np	np	1 642.2
August	524.6	404.0	334.7	107.6	191.1	31.8	np	np	1 642.1
September	527.5	405.8	338.6	108.7	191.5	32.6	np	np	1 653.8
October	526.8	408.2	341.7	108.4	196.1	32.0	np	np	1 662.5
November	531.3	409.3	339.7	109.3	189.6	31.5	np	np	1 659.9
December	535.4	406.4	338.8	108.1	189.4	31.8	np	np	1 659.4
2016									
January	535.9	415.3	337.5	108.6	189.4	32.4	np	np	1 668.5
February	535.6	413.3	338.8	109.2	189.1	31.6	np	np	1 666.6
March	530.3	405.9	336.6	108.3	189.7	31.6	np	np	1 651.4
April	527.0	402.6	331.9	108.8	185.2	31.3	np	np	1 636.3
May	531.2	413.0	341.6	108.3	185.7	31.5	np	np	1 661.3
June	531.1	413.7	333.9	108.4	189.1	31.6	np	np	1 657.2
July	528.9	416.8	335.5	109.5	187.1	32.6	np	np	1 660.9

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated



UNDERUTILISED PERSONS (AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER), Australia

	UNDEREMPLOYED TOTAL			UNDEREMPLOYMENT RATE			UNDERUTILISATION RATE			
	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Original	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Original	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Original	
	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%	%	%	%	
• • • • • • • • •	PERSONS									
				I LING	J 1 1 3					
May 2012	876.6	886.2	872.2	7.3	7.4	7.3	12.6	12.6	12.4	
May 2013	910.0	910.1	893.6	7.5	7.5	7.3	13.2	13.2	12.9	
May 2014 2014	968.8	955.9	937.4	7.9	7.8	7.6	13.9	13.8	13.5	
November	1 040.1	1 049.1	1 077.8	8.4	8.5	8.8	14.7	14.8	14.6	
2015	4.057.0	4.050.5	4.042.0	0.5	0.5	0.2	447	447	45.0	
February May	1 057.6 1 061.2	1 058.5 1 054.4	1 043.0 1 032.2	8.5 8.5	8.5 8.5	8.3 8.3	14.7 14.6	14.7 14.5	15.0 14.1	
August	1 061.2	1 063.9	1 032.2	8.5	8.5	8.2	14.4	14.4	14.1	
November	1 062.1	1 065.1	1 094.1	8.4	8.4	8.7	14.3	14.3	14.1	
2016										
February	1 062.7	1 056.5	1 040.2	8.4	8.4	8.2	14.2	14.1	14.3	
May	1 062.7	1 067.3	1 043.1	8.4	8.4	8.2	14.2	14.2	13.9	
				MAL	ES					
May 2012	356.3	354.4	351.5	5.5	5.5	5.4	10.6	10.5	10.3	
May 2013	376.3	380.6	375.6	5.7	5.8	5.7	11.4	11.5	11.2	
May 2014 2014	402.9	393.6	386.8	6.1	6.0	5.9	12.0	11.8	11.5	
November	438.5	444.8	449.1	6.6	6.7	6.7	12.8	13.0	12.7	
2015										
February	444.0	444.9	438.2	6.6	6.6	6.5	12.8	12.8	13.0	
May	443.0	435.5	425.5	6.6	6.5	6.3	12.6	12.5	12.1	
August November	444.1 449.0	448.4 449.0	416.4 453.5	6.6 6.6	6.6 6.6	6.2 6.7	12.4 12.4	12.5 12.4	12.4 12.2	
	449.0	449.0	400.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	12.4	12.4	12.2	
2016 February	454.3	450.8	444.4	6.7	6.7	6.5	12.4	12.3	12.5	
May	458.2	462.8	450.9	6.8	6.8	6.6	12.4	12.5	12.1	
				FEMA	LES					
May 2012	520.2	531.8	520.7	9.5	9.7	9.4	14.9	15.2	14.9	
May 2013	533.7	529.5	517.9	9.6	9.5	9.3	15.3	15.2	14.9	
May 2014 2014	565.9	562.3	550.6	10.1	10.0	9.7	16.2	16.1	15.8	
November	601.6	604.3	628.7	10.6	10.7	11.2	16.9	17.1	16.9	
2015	010 =	0100	0010	40.5	40.0	40 =				
February	613.7	613.6	604.8	10.8	10.8	10.5	17.0	17.0	17.3	
May August	618.1 617.3	618.9 615.5	606.7 604.9	10.8 10.6	10.8 10.6	10.5 10.5	16.8 16.7	16.8 16.6	16.4 16.5	
November	613.2	616.1	640.6	10.5	10.5	10.5	16.7	16.6	16.5	
2016										
February	608.4	605.7	595.8	10.4	10.4	10.1	16.3	16.3	16.5	
May	604.5	604.5	592.2	10.3	10.3	10.1	16.2	16.1	15.8	



	UNDEREMPLOYED TOTAL		UNDEREMPLOYMENT RATE			UNDERUTILISATION RATE				
	Seasonally				Seasonally			Seasonally		
	Trend	adjusted	Original	Trend	adjusted	Original	Trend	adjusted	Original	
	'000	'000	'000	%	%	%	%	%	%	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	
				PERSONS						
New South Wales	314.2	317.4	314.4	7.8	7.9	7.8	13.0	13.1	12.8	
Victoria	281.3	280.0	268.1	8.8	8.8	8.3	14.7	14.5	14.0	
Queensland	202.1	203.4	197.9	8.0	8.1	7.9	14.2	14.5	14.2	
South Australia	89.5	91.2	89.8	10.3	10.6	10.4	17.5	17.5	17.1	
Western Australia	131.9	131.7	128.7	9.2	9.1	8.9	15.0	14.9	14.7	
Tasmania	23.5	24.1	23.5	9.2	9.5	9.3	16.0	16.1	15.4	
Northern Territory	7.0	np	7.4	5.0	np	5.2	8.9	np	8.8	
Australian Capital Territory	12.9	np	13.3	5.8	np	6.0	9.8	np	9.6	
Australia	1 062.7	1 067.3	1 043.1	8.4	8.4	8.2	14.2	14.2	13.9	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			
				MALES						
New South Wales	134.5	137.7	136.4	6.2	6.4	6.3	11.4	11.7	11.4	
Victoria	122.1	120.3	112.9	7.0	6.9	6.5	12.6	12.3	11.5	
Queensland	88.7	90.6	88.3	6.7	6.8	6.6	12.6	13.2	12.9	
South Australia	42.7	44.2	41.7	9.3	9.6	9.0	16.9	17.1	16.4	
Western Australia	54.2	54.9	54.0	6.9	7.0	6.8	12.5	12.5	12.3	
Tasmania	9.1	9.0	8.9	6.7	6.7	6.6	13.7	13.4	12.9	
Northern Territory	3.1	np	3.3	4.1	np	4.4	8.2	np	8.2	
Australian Capital Territory	5.5	np	5.4	4.9	np	4.7	9.4	np	8.5	
Australia	458.2	462.8	450.9	6.8	6.8	6.6	12.4	12.5	12.1	
				FEMALES						
New South Wales	179.7	179.7	178.1	9.6	9.6	9.5	14.7	14.7	14.5	
Victoria	159.3	159.7	155.2	10.9	10.9	10.5	17.2	17.2	16.9	
Queensland	113.4	112.8	109.7	9.6	9.5	9.2	15.9	15.9	15.6	
South Australia	46.9	47.0	48.1	11.5	11.6	11.9	18.2	17.9	18.0	
Western Australia	77.6	76.7	74.6	12.0	11.7	11.4	17.9	17.8	17.5	
Tasmania	14.4	15.1	14.6	12.1	12.7	12.3	18.7	19.2	18.3	
Northern Territory	3.9	np	4.0	6.0	np	6.2	9.8	np	9.6	
Australian Capital Territory	7.4	np	7.9	6.7	np	7.2	10.3	np	10.8	
Australia	604.5	604.5	592.2	10.3	10.3	10.1	16.2	16.1	15.8	

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

EFFECT OF NEW SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES ON TREND ESTIMATES

TREND REVISIONS

Each time new seasonally adjusted estimates become available, trend estimates are revised. This revision is a combined result of the concurrent seasonal adjustment process and the application of surrogates of the Henderson average to the seasonally adjusted series (see paragraphs 28 to 37 of the Explanatory Notes).

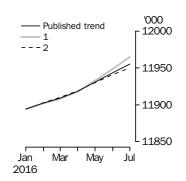
The examples in the tables below show two illustrative scenarios and the consequent revisions to previous trend estimates of employment and the unemployment rate. The revisions in the scenarios are due to the use of surrogates of the Henderson average, as the impact of revision of seasonally adjusted estimates can not be estimated in advance.

- (1) The August seasonally adjusted estimate is *higher* than the July estimate by:
- 0.22% for employment
- 2.26% for the unemployment rate
- (2) The August seasonally adjusted estimate is *lower* than the July estimate by:
- 0.22% for employment
- 2.26% for the unemployment rate

The percentage changes of 0.22% and 2.26% represent the average absolute monthly percentage changes in employment and the unemployment rate respectively. Estimates in the graphs have been calculated using unrounded estimates, and may be different from, but more accurate than, rounded estimates depicted in the corresponding table.

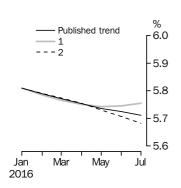
WHAT IF NEXT MONTH'S SEASONALLY

EMPLOYMENT



		William III III III III III III III III III I	I O OLINOON NEELI
		ADJUSTED ESTIMATE	IS:
	Trend as	(1) 11 994.9 i.e.	(2) 11 942.3 i.e.
	published	rises by 0.22%	falls by 0.22%
2016			
April	11 918.3	11 917.8	11 918.7
May	11 930.7	11 932.5	11 930.1
June	11 943.3	11 948.9	11 941.1
July	11 955.1	11 964.9	11 950.2

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



		WHAT IF NEXT MONTH'S SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATE IS:			
	Trend as	(1) 5.9 i.e.	(2) 5.6 i.e.		
	published	rises by 2.26%	falls by 2.26%		
2016					
April	5.8	5.8	5.8		
May	5.7	5.7	5.7		
June	5.7	5.7	5.7		
July	5.7	5.8	5.7		
• • • • • •	• • • • • • •				

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

1 This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the Labour Force Survey component of the Monthly Population Survey. The full time series for estimates from this publication are also available electronically. More detailed estimates are released one week after this publication in various electronic formats – see *Labour Force, Australia, Detailed – Electronic Delivery* (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001) and *Labour Force, Australia, Detailed, Quarterly* (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003).

CONCEPTS, SOURCES AND METHODS

2 The conceptual framework used in Australia's Labour Force Survey aligns closely with the standards and guidelines set out in Resolutions of International Conferences of Labour Statisticians. Descriptions of the underlying concepts and structure of Australia's labour force statistics, and the sources and methods used in compiling the estimates, are presented in *Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (cat. no. 6102.0.55.001) which is available on the ABS website *< http://www.abs.gov.au>*.

LABOUR FORCE SURVEY

- **3** The Labour Force Survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (currently approximately 26,000 houses, flats, etc.) and a list sample of non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers approximately 0.32% of the civilian population of Australia aged 15 years and over.
- **4** Information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by specially trained interviewers using computer-assisted interviewing, or self-completion online.
- **5** Households selected for the Labour Force Survey are interviewed each month for eight months, with one-eighth of the sample being replaced each month. The first interview is generally conducted face-to-face. Subsequent interviews are conducted by telephone (if acceptable to the respondent).
- **6** From December 2012 to April 2013, the ABS conducted a trial of online electronic data collection. Respondents in one rotation group (i.e. one-eighth of the survey sample) were offered the option of self completing their labour force survey questionnaire online instead of via a face-to-face or telephone interview. From May 2013, the ABS expanded the offer of online electronic collection to 50% of each new incoming rotation group. For more information see the article in the April 2013 issue of this publication. From September 2013, online electronic collection has been offered to 100% of private dwellings in each incoming rotation group. From April 2014, 100% of private dwellings are being offered online electronic collection.
- 7 The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Sunday between the 5th and 11th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the reference week). Each year, to deal with operational difficulties involved with collecting and processing the Labour Force Survey around the Christmas and New Year holiday period, interviews for December start four weeks after November interviews start (i.e. between the 3rd and 9th December), and January interviews start five weeks after December interviews start. As a result, January interviewing may commence as early as the 7th or as late as the 13th, depending on the year. Occasionally, circumstances that present significant operational difficulties for survey collection can result in a change to the normal pattern for the start of interviewing.
- **8** Estimates from the Labour Force Survey are usually published first in this publication 39 days after the commencement of interviews for that month, with the exception of estimates for each December which are usually published 46 days after the commencement of interviews.

EXPLANATORY NOTES continued

SCOPE OF SURVEY

9 The Labour Force Survey includes all persons aged 15 years and over except members of the permanent defence forces, certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments customarily excluded from census and estimated population counts, overseas residents in Australia, and members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

COVERAGE

10 In the Labour Force Survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. The coverage rules are necessarily a balance between theoretical and operational considerations. Nevertheless, the chance of a person being enumerated at two separate dwellings in the survey is considered to be negligible.

POPULATION BENCHMARKS

- 11 The Labour Force Survey estimates are calculated in such a way as to add to independent estimates of the civilian population aged 15 years and over (population benchmarks). These population benchmarks are based on the most recently released estimates of Final, Revised and Preliminary quarterly Estimated Resident Population (ERP). For information on the methodology used to produce the ERP see *Australian Demographic Statistics* (cat. no. 3101.0). Since the most recently released ERP estimates lag the current time period for Labour Force estimates by nine months, the Labour Force population benchmarks are created by projecting forward three quarters past the most recently released quarterly ERP estimates. The projection is based on the historical pattern of each population component births, deaths, interstate migration and net overseas migration (NOM). Projected estimates of NOM are supplemented with other data sources to better forecast population changes in the short-term. The main data source is the forecasts published by the Department of Immigration & Border Protection in the publication *The Outlook for Net Overseas Migration*.
- **12** Commencing in March 2010, the ERP series has been revised twice-yearly, in the March and September quarter issues of *Australian Demographic Statistics* (cat. no. 3101.0). This biannual revision cycle incorporates more up to date information available for NOM. This updated information is included in the population benchmarks used in creating the Labour Force estimates when they are rebenchmarked.
- available from the latest Census of Population and Housing (Census). Labour Force Survey population benchmarks, and the estimates, are revised following this five-yearly revision in the ERP. The process of incorporating the revised population benchmarks is referred to as 'rebasing'. From the January 2014 issue of this publication, labour force estimates have been compiled using population benchmarks based on the results of the 2011 Census. Revisions were made to historical Labour Force estimates from June 2006 to December 2013. In addition, estimates from July 1991 to May 2006 were revised to reflect population benchmarks based on ERP revised following the 2011 Census. The next rebasing based on the Census will be following the release of the 2016 Census-based ERP estimates, which will incorporate revisions back five years. For more information on revised ERP estimates, refer to the June 2012 issue of *Australian Demographic Statistics* (cat. no. 3101.0) released in December 2012.
- 14 In between Censuses, the ABS revises the Labour Force population benchmarks using the latest ERP according to the paragraphs above. These were introduced in the July 2010, November 2012 and April 2013 issues. The revisions planned for the October 2013, April 2014 and November 2014 issues were not implemented (see *What's New in the Labour Force* in the September 2013 issue and *Changes in this Issue* in the October 2014 issue of this publication). From the February 2015 issue, rebenchmarking will be undertaken quarterly in the February, May, August and November issues, apart from May 2015. For more information, refer to the article *Rebenchmarking of Labour Force Series* in the February 2015 issue of this publication.

EXPLANATORY NOTES continued

ESTIMATION METHOD

15 The estimation method used in the Labour Force Survey is Composite Estimation, which was introduced in May 2007. In January 2014 composite estimation was applied to all estimates from July 1991 as part of the 2011 Census rebenchmarking. Composite Estimation combines data collected in the previous six months with current month's data to produce the current month's estimates, thereby exploiting the high correlation between overlapping samples across months in the Labour Force Survey. The Composite Estimator combines the previous and current months' data by applying different factors according to length of time in the survey. After these factors are applied, the seven months of data are weighted to align with current month population benchmarks. For details see *Information Paper: Forthcoming Changes to Labour Force Statistics*, 2007 (cat. no. 6292.0).

COMPARABILITY OF SERIES

- **16** From April 1986, the definition of employed persons was changed to include persons who worked without pay between 1 and 14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers). For further information, see paragraphs 22 and 23 of the Explanatory Notes in the February 2003 issue of *Labour Force, Australia* (cat. no. 6203.0).
- 17 The ABS introduced telephone interviewing into the Labour Force Survey in August 1996. Implementation was phased in for each new sample group from August 1996 to February 1997. During the period of implementation, the new method produced different estimates than would have been obtained under the old methodology. The effect dissipated over the final months of implementation and was no longer discernible from February 1997. The estimates for February 1997 and onwards are directly comparable to estimates for periods prior to August 1996. For further details, see the feature article in the June 1997 issue of *Labour Force, Australia* (cat. no. 6203.0).
- questionnaire containing additional data items and some minor definitional changes. The definition of unemployed persons was changed to include all persons who were waiting to start work and were available to start in the reference week. This change was introduced in February 2004, when historical unit record data were revised from April 2001 to January 2004. This revision created a small trend break at April 2001 in unemployed persons and unemployment rate series. For further details, see *Information Paper: Forthcoming Changes to Labour Force Statistics, 2003* (cat. no. 6292.0), released in December 2003. From July 2014 the Labour Force Survey questionnaire was further redesigned and definitional changes made to active job search steps and duration of job search. For further details, see the Glossary and *Information Paper: Forthcoming Changes to Labour Force Statistics, June 2014* (cat. no. 6292.0), released in October 2014.
- **19** Core labour force series were revised in April 2001 for the period April 1986 to March 2001 for the remaining definitional changes introduced with the redesigned questionnaire, to reduce the impact of the changes on labour force series. For further details, see *Information Paper: Implementing the Redesigned Labour Force Survey Questionnaire* (cat. no. 6295.0) and the 2004 issue of *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (cat. no. 6232.0).
- 20 In May 2007, an improved method of estimation, known as composite estimation, was introduced into the Labour Force Survey. In introducing this change, the ABS revised unit record data from April 2001 to April 2007 based on the new estimation method. No change was identified in the trend breaks in the unemployed persons and unemployment rate series which arose with the introduction of a redesigned survey form in April 2001 (as noted above in paragraph 18). In January 2014 composite estimation was applied to all estimates from July 1991 as part of the 2011 Census rebenchmarking.

EXPLANATORY NOTES continued

COMPARABILITY OF SERIES continued

For further details, see *Information Paper: Forthcoming Changes to Labour Force Statistics*, 2007 (cat. no. 6292.0).

21 As one of a range of ABS savings initiatives for the 2008–09 financial year, there was a 24% reduction in the LFS sample size for the period July 2008 to August 2009, relative to the June 2008 sample size. The sample reduction was reversed from September 2009 to December 2009, with December 2009 estimates being the first produced under the fully reinstated sample.

LABOUR FORCE SURVEY
SAMPLE

- **22** The current Labour Force Survey sample has been selected using information collected in the 2011 Census of Population and Housing.
- **23** The sample was introduced over four months May 2013 to August 2013. Two rotation groups (i.e. one-quarter of the survey sample) were introduced each month. During the sample phase-in, the increased sample rotation had an impact on the quality of estimates. Movement standard errors increased by approximately 10%, representing, for example, an increase on the standard error on the Australian monthly change in employment for May 2013 from 27,000 to approximately 29,700.
- 24 Due to the use of composite estimation, there was a marginal impact on the quality of level estimates. Gross Flows analysis were impacted by the sample phase-in with between 60% to 70% of the sample available for matching between the current and previous months instead of the usual 80%. After full transition to the new sample, the quality of level and movement estimates is at the level designed for under the 2011 sample design and are of similar quality as the 2006 sample design. For further details, see *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (cat. no. 6269.0) released on 30 May 2013.

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

- **25** Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error.
- Sampling error occurs because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. One measure of the likely difference resulting from not including all dwellings in the survey is given by the standard error. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Standard errors of key estimates for the latest month and of movements since the previous month of these estimates are shown in the standard errors section of this publication. Standard errors for other estimates and other movements may be calculated by using the spreadsheet contained in *Labour Force Survey Standard Errors, Data Cube* (cat. no. 6298.0.55.001) which is available free of charge on the ABS website http://www.abs.gov.au.
- 27 Non-sampling error arises from inaccuracies in collecting, recording and processing the data. Every effort is made to minimise reporting error by the careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, and efficient data processing procedures. Non-sampling error also arises because information cannot be obtained from all persons selected in the survey. The Labour Force Survey receives a high level of co-operation from individuals in selected dwellings, with the average response rate over the last year being 93%. See Glossary for definition of response rate.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATION

28 Any original time series can be thought of as a combination of three broad and distinctly different types of behaviour, each representing the impact of certain types of real world events on the information being collected: systematic calendar related events, short-term irregular fluctuations and long-term cyclical behaviour. A multiplicative decomposition model is applied in the seasonal adjustment of Labour Force Time Series, where the original time series (O) is considered as the product of the underlying trend

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATION continued

- (T), a systematic calendar related or seasonal component (S) and an irregular component (I). This can be expressed as O = T*S*I. The contributions of each of these behaviours varies from series to series, as well as throughout time for a given series, depending on the nature of the interactions of real world events and the data of interest.
- **29** Seasonal adjustment is a statistical technique that attempts to measure and remove the effects of systematic calendar related patterns including seasonal variation to reveal how a series changes from period to period. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. This means that month-to-month movements of the seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour.
- 30 The Labour Force Survey uses the concurrent seasonal adjustment method to derive seasonal factors. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses data up to the current month to estimate seasonal factors for the current and all previous months. This process can result in revisions each month to estimates for earlier periods. However, in most instances, the only noticeable revisions will be to the seasonally adjusted estimates for the previous month and one year prior to the current month. From the March 2015 issue of this publication, the effects of supplementary surveys are removed prior to the estimation of seasonal factors for key Labour Force series from February 1978 onwards. While this methodology has addressed short term volatility in the seasonally adjusted series arising from changes to the timing and content of the supplementary survey program, in general prior corrections and resulting changed seasonal patterns can be identified and measured to a more reliable degree of certainty after three successive observations (in this case after three years). For further details refer to the October and December 2014 issues of this publication.
- **31** The revision properties of the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates can be improved by the use of Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) modelling. ARIMA modelling relies on the characteristics of the series being analysed to project future period data. The projected values are temporary, intermediate values, that are only used internally to improve the estimation of the seasonal factors. The projected data do not affect the original estimates and are discarded at the end of the seasonal adjustment process. The Labour Force Survey uses an ARIMA model for the majority of the individual time series. The ARIMA model is assessed as part of the annual reanalysis. For further details, see the feature article in the October 2004 issue of *Australian Economic Indicators* (cat. no. 1350.0).
- 32 Seasonal adjustment is able to remove the effect of events which occur at the same time in the survey every year. However, there are some events, like holidays, which are not always at the same time in the survey cycle or which are not at the same time across Australia. The effects of these types of events on Labour Force Survey estimates cannot in all cases be removed, because the pattern of their effects cannot be determined. However, two events for which adjustment is made in the seasonally adjusted series are the January interview start date and the timing of Easter. For further details, see *Information Paper: Forthcoming Changes to Labour Force Statistics* (cat. no. 6292.0) released in December 2003.
- **33** While seasonal factors for the complete time series are estimated each month, they will continue to be reviewed annually at a more detailed level to take into account each additional year's original data. This annual review will not normally result in significant changes to published estimates. The review is usually conducted early each year with the results released in this publication shortly thereafter.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATION continued

- **34** The smoothing of seasonally adjusted series to produce 'trend' series reduces the impact of the irregular component of the seasonally adjusted series. These trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months except the last six. The last six monthly trend estimates are obtained by applying surrogates of the Henderson average to the seasonally adjusted series. Trend estimates are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of a series over time.
- **35** While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced for the latest month, it does result in revisions in addition to those caused by the revision of seasonally adjusted estimates. Generally, revisions due to the use of surrogates of the Henderson average become smaller, and after three months have a negligible impact on the series.
- **36** Trend estimates are published for the Northern Territory in table 10 and for the Australian Capital Territory in table 11. Unadjusted series for the two Territories have shown, historically, a high degree of variability, which can lead to considerable revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates each month when seasonal factors are estimated. For this reason, seasonally adjusted estimates are not currently published for the two Territories. In addition, caution should be exercised in the interpretation of trend estimates for the two Territories, particularly for the three most recent months, where revisions may be relatively large.
- **37** For further information, see *A Guide to Interpreting Time Series Monitoring Trends* (cat. no. 1349.0) or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on (02) 6252 6345 or email time.series.analysis@abs.gov.au.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

- **38** Users may also wish to refer to the following publications and other data products that are available free of charge from the ABS website:
 - Labour Force Survey Standard Products and Data Item Guide (cat. no. 6103.0)
 - Labour Force, Australia, Detailed (cat. no. 6291.0.55.001)
 - Labour Force, Australia, Detailed Quarterly (cat. no. 6291.0.55.003)
 - Labour Force Survey Standard Errors, Data Cube (cat. no. 6298.0.55.001)
 - Labour force, Australia Rebenchmarked Estimates (cat. no. 6202.0.55.003)
 - Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 6102.0.55.001)
 - Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0)
 - Australian Labour Market Statistics (cat. no. 6105.0)
 - Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6203.0)
 - Information Paper: Outcomes of the Labour Household Surveys Content Review (cat. no. 6107.0).
 - Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey (cat. no. 6232.0)
 - Information Paper: Regional Labour Force Statistics (cat. no. 6262.0).
 - Information Paper: Labour Force Sample Design (cat. no. 6269.0).
 - Information Paper: Forthcoming Changes to Labour Force Statistics (cat. no. 6292.0).
 - Information Paper: Expansion of Hours Worked Estimates from the Labour Force Survey (cat. no. 6290.0.55.001)
- **39** Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed on the ABS website http://www.abs.gov.au. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the website which details products to be released in the week ahead.
- DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST
- **40** As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant data available. Inquiries should be made to the Labour Force contact officer on (02) 6252 6525, email labourforce@abs.gov.au or to any ABS office.

EFFECTS OF ROUNDING

41 Estimates have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates of movement shown in this publication are obtained by taking the difference of unrounded estimates. The movement estimate is then rounded. Where a discrepancy occurs between the reported movement and the difference of the rounded estimates, the reported movement will be more accurate.

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

42 SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Symbol Definition '000 thousands % percentage
ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics
CAI computer assisted interviewing cat. no. catalogue number Civ. pop. civilian population ERP estimated resident population Emp. to pop. ratio employment to population ratio f/t full time LFS Labour Force Survey NILF not in the Labour Force Part. rate participation rate Pit pris percentage points percentage points percentage points addi. seasonally adjusted and Further Education Seas adj. TAFE Technical and Further Education Unemp. rate unemployment rate

STANDARD ERRORS

STANDARD ERRORS

The estimates in this publication are based on information gained from the occupants of a sample survey of dwellings. Because the entire population is not surveyed, the published original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are subject to sampling error. The most common way of quantifying such sampling error is to calculate the standard error for the published estimate or statistic. For more information, see paragraphs 25 to 27 of the Explanatory Notes.

LEVEL ESTIMATES

To illustrate, let us say the published level estimate for employed persons aged 15–19 years is 700,000 and the associated standard error is 9,000. The standard error is then used to interpret the level estimate of 700,000. For instance, the standard error of 9,000 indicates that:

- There are approximately two chances in three that the real value falls within the range 691,000 to 709,000 (700,000 + or 9,000)
- There are approximately nineteen chances in twenty that the real value falls within the range 682,000 to 718,000 (700,000 + or 18,000).

The real value in this case is the result we would obtain if we could enumerate the total population.

The following table shows the standard errors for this month's level estimates.

										AUSTRAL	IA	•••••
		NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Males	Females	Persons
Aged 15 years and over Employed												
Full time	'000	25.6	18.7	17.3	7.4	11.2	2.9	2.4	2.9	31.8	23.4	38.6
Part time	'000	19.1	12.3	11.7	5.7	8.6	2.2	0.8	1.9	14.2	21.6	27.0
Total	'000	28.3	22.9	19.9	8.6	12.4	3.4	2.8	3.0	35.0	32.7	44.0
Unemployed												
Looking for f/t work	000	8.3	7.6	7.8	3.2	5.1	1.1	0.7	0.8	11.6	9.3	15.1
Looking for p/t work Total	000'	6.3 10.5	5.6 9.5	5.3 9.1	2.0 3.6	3.0 6.0	0.7 1.3	0.2	0.7 1.1	6.3 13.3	8.2 12.6	10.4 18.5
Labour force Not in labour force	000'	28.6	23.6 21.2	20.3 22.7	8.8 8.3	12.6 12.0	3.5	2.9 3.1	3.0	35.8	33.6	44.8
Unemployment rate	000	24.4	21.2	22.1	8.3	12.0	3.6	3.1	3.1	31.3	35.9	42.4
Looking for f/t work	pts	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.2
Looking for p/t work	pts	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.3
Total	pts	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1
Participation rate	pts	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	1.6	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.2
Aged 15–19 years												
Employed												
Full time	'000	3.8	2.1	2.6	0.9	1.7	0.5	0.2	0.4	4.7	3.8	5.5
Part time	'000	5.8	3.6	4.1	1.8	2.6	0.7	0.2	0.7	6.3	7.1	9.2
Total	'000	6.6	4.0	4.8	1.9	3.0	0.8	0.3	8.0	7.4	7.7	10.4
Unemployed												
Looking for f/t work	'000	2.7	2.1	2.9	0.7	1.7	0.5	0.3	0.3	4.0	2.9	5.0
Looking for p/t work	'000	3.5	3.2	3.2	1.1	1.6	0.4	0.1	0.4	4.2	4.4	6.1
Total	'000	4.5	3.9	4.5	1.3	2.3	0.6	0.3	0.5	5.9	5.3	7.9
Labour force	'000	7.3	4.5	5.4	2.1	3.4	0.9	0.3	0.8	8.2	8.3	11.4
Not in labour force	'000	9.5	5.7	7.9	3.1	4.1	1.1	0.7	1.3	10.6	9.9	14.9
Unemployment rate Looking for f/t work	nto	3.9	5.0	5.1	7.7	6.1	7.6	5.9	12.4	2.8	3.8	2.3
Looking for p/t work	pts pts	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.6	2.4	3.2	2.5	4.2	1.6	1.3	2.3 1.0
Total	pts	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.5	3.3	3.2	4.1	1.4	1.3	1.0
Participation rate	pts	1.6	1.2	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.8	2.0	3.7	1.1	1.1	0.8
Unemployment to population ratio -		1.0	1.2	1.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	3.1	1.1	1.1	0.0
looking for f/t work	pts	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.3	0.5	0.4	0.3
_												

41

STANDARD ERRORS continued

MOVEMENT ESTIMATES

The following example illustrates how to use the standard error to interpret a movement estimate. Let us say that one month the published level estimate for females employed part-time in Australia is 1,890,000; the next month the published level estimate is 1,900,000 and the associated standard error for the movement estimate is 11,900. The standard error is then used to interpret the published movement estimate of 10,000. For instance, the standard error of 11,900 indicates that:

- There are approximately two chances in three that the real movement between the two months falls within the range -1,900 to 21,900 (10,000 + or -11,900)
- There are approximately nineteen chances in twenty that the real movement falls within the range -13,800 to 33,800 (10,000 + or 23,800).

The following table shows the standard errors for this month's movement estimates.

										AUSTRALIA		
		NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Males	Females	Persor
ged 15 years and over												
Employed												
Full time	'000	15.0	12.3	9.3	3.8	6.5	1.7	1.8	1.8	18.4	13.7	23
Part time	'000	10.1	8.5	5.9	2.9	4.4	1.3	0.9	1.1	8.9	12.9	15
Total	'000	18.3	15.1	12.7	5.5	8.6	2.2	2.0	2.1	20.6	19.1	29
Unemployed												
Looking for f/t work	'000	9.0	7.5	7.6	3.3	5.3	1.2	0.7	1.0	11.6	9.7	15
Looking for p/t work	'000	6.4	5.5	4.7	2.2	3.1	0.7	0.3	0.8	6.3	8.2	10
Total	'000	10.8	9.4	9.1	4.0	6.2	1.4	0.8	1.2	13.2	12.7	18
Labour force	'000	18.8	15.6	13.5	6.0	9.0	2.3	2.1	2.2	21.3	19.7	30
Not in labour force	'000	18.1	15.0	14.0	5.9	9.0	2.3	2.1	2.3	18.2	22.0	29
Unemployment rate	000	10.1	15.2	14.0	5.9	9.0	2.2	2.0	2.3	10.2	22.0	28
Looking for f/t work	pts	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.3	0
Looking for p/t work	pts	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.5	0.3	0
Total	pts	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.2	0
Participation rate	pts	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	1.1	0.7	0.2	0.2	0
•	Pto	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.0		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.2	5.2	· ·
ged 15–19 years Employed												
Full time	'000	2.5	1.9	1.7	0.6	1.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	3.3	2.7	3
Part time	'000	4.0	3.4	2.6	1.2	1.9	0.5	0.4	0.5	3.3 4.4	4.9	6
Total	'000	4.4	3.6	3.0	1.3	2.1	0.6	0.5	0.6	5.0	5.2	6
	000	4.4	3.0	3.0	1.5	2.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	3.0	5.2	C
Unemployed	1000											_
Looking for f/t work	000	3.1	2.2	2.6	1.0	1.8	0.5	0.3	0.3	4.0	3.2	5
Looking for p/t work	000	3.7	3.4	2.9	1.2	1.8	0.5	0.1	0.5	4.3	4.4	6
Total	'000	4.7	3.9	4.0	1.6	2.5	0.7	0.3	0.6	5.9	5.4	7
Labour force	'000	4.8	3.9	3.2	1.4	2.3	0.7	0.5	0.6	5.5	5.6	7
Not in labour force	'000	5.9	4.7	3.8	1.9	2.8	0.7	8.0	0.7	7.0	6.5	9
Unemployment rate												
Looking for f/t work	pts	4.7	5.6	5.5	8.9	6.3	9.1	6.0	12.3	3.1	4.4	2
Looking for p/t work	pts	1.9	2.2	2.7	2.9	2.4	3.7	2.4	4.7	1.6	1.4	1
Total	pts	1.9	2.1	2.6	3.0	2.5	3.8	3.2	4.3	1.5	1.4	1
Participation rate	pts	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.4	2.0	3.4	2.6	0.7	0.8	0
Unemployment to population ratio - looking for f/t work	pts	0.7	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.4	0.5	0.4	C
IOOKING IOF I/E WORK	pts	0.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.4	,

GLOSSARY

Actively looked for work

Actively looked for work includes:

- written, telephoned or applied to an employer for work;
- had an interview with an employer for work;
- answered an advertisement for a job;
- checked or registered with an employment agency;
- taken steps to purchase or start your own business;
- advertised or tendered for work; and
- contacted friends or relatives in order to obtain work.

Actual hours of work

Actual hours of work refers to a specified reference period (e.g. a week) and includes:

- hours actually worked during normal periods of work;
- time spent in addition to hours worked during normal periods of work (including overtime);
- time spent at the place of work on activities such as the preparation of the workplace, repairs and maintenance, preparation and cleaning of tools, and the preparation of receipts, time sheets and reports;
- time spent at the place of work waiting or standing by due to machinery or process breakdown, accident, lack of supplies, power or internet access, etc;
- time corresponding to short rest periods (resting time) including tea and coffee breaks or prayer breaks;
- travel time connected to work (excluding commuting time); and
- training and skills enhancement related to the job or employer.

Excluded are:

- hours paid for but not worked, such as paid annual leave, public holidays or paid sick leave.
- meal breaks (e.g. lunch breaks);
- paid and unpaid time 'on call';
- time spent on travel to and from work when no productive activity for the job is performed (e.g. commuting time); and
- time off during working hours to attend outside educational activities, even if it is authorised, e.g. those not connected to the job or employer.

For multiple job holders the LFS collects a separate measure of actual hours worked in main job and in all jobs.

Attending full time education

Persons aged 15-24 years enrolled at secondary or high school or enrolled as a full time student at a Technical and Further Education (TAFE) college, university, or other educational institution in the reference week.

Attending school

Persons aged 15-19 years enrolled at secondary or high school in the reference week.

Attending tertiary educational institution full time

Persons aged 15-24 years enrolled full time at a TAFE college, university, or other educational institution in the reference week, except those persons aged 15-19 years who were still attending school.

Civilian population aged 15 years and over

All usual residents of Australia aged 15 years and over except members of the permanent defence forces, certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments customarily excluded from census and estimated population counts, overseas residents in Australia, and members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

Composite Estimation

The estimation methodology used in the Labour Force Survey. Composite Estimation uses sample responses from nearby months as well as from the reference month to derive estimates for the reference month. This approach achieves gains in efficiency by exploiting the high similarity between the responses provided by the same respondent in previous months. For details see *Information Paper: Forthcoming Changes to Labour Force Statistics*, 2007 (cat. no. 6292.0).

Employed

All persons aged 15 years and over who met one of the following criteria during the

Employed continued

reference week:

- Worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind, in a job
 or business or on a farm (employees and owner managers of incorporated or
 unincorporated enterprises).
- Worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (contributing family workers).
- Were employees who had a job but were not at work and were:
 - away from work for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; or
 - away from work for more than four weeks up to the end of the reference week and received pay for some or all of the four week period to the end of the reference week; or
 - away from work as a standard work or shift arrangement; or
 - on strike or locked out; or
 - on workers' compensation and expected to return to their job.
- Were owner managers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.

Employed full-time

Includes employed persons who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) and those who, although usually working less than 35 hours a week, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week.

Employed part-time

Includes employed persons who usually worked less than 35 hours a week (in all jobs) and either did so during the reference week, or were not at work in the reference week.

Employment to population ratio

For any group, the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population in the same group.

Estimated resident population (ERP)

Estimated resident population (ERP), is Australia's official measure of the population of Australia and is based on the concept of usual residence. It refers to all people, regardless of nationality, citizenship or legal status, who usually live in Australia, with the exception of foreign diplomatic personnel and their families. It includes usual residents who are overseas for fewer than 12 months. It excludes overseas visitors who are in Australia for fewer than 12 months. Refer to Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0).

Flow estimates

Flow estimates are a measure of activity over a given period. For example, monthly hours worked in all jobs is a measure of the total number of hours worked in a calendar month.

Gross flows

The matching of respondents who report in consecutive months enables analysis of the transition of individuals between the different labour force status classifications, referred to as the matched sample. The transition counts between the different labour force status classifications from one point in time to the next are commonly referred to as gross flows.

The figures presented in gross flows are presented in original terms only and do not align with published labour force estimates. The gross flows figures are derived from the matched sample between consecutive months, which after taking account of the sample rotation and varying non-response in each month is approximately 80 percent of the sample.

Caution should be exercised when analysing these gross flows data due to:

- the figures presented sum to approximately 80 percent of the population values as the gross flows data are based on the matched sample only;
- there is no adjustment applied to account for changes due to seasonal patterns (referred to commonly as seasonal adjustment); and
- the estimates of relative sizes of each transition class are subject to bias due to the matched sample being a non-representative sample.

Labour force

For any group, persons who were employed or unemployed, as defined.

GLOSSARY continued

Labour force status

A classification of the civilian population aged 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force, as defined. The definitions conform closely to the international standard definitions adopted by the International Conferences of Labour Statisticians.

Long-term unemployed

The number of persons unemployed for 52 weeks or over.

Long-term unemployment ratio

The number of long-term unemployed persons, expressed as a percentage of the total unemployed population.

Market sector

The market sector is an industry grouping comprising the following industries: Agriculture, forestry and fishing; Mining; Manufacturing; Electricity, gas, water and waste services; Construction; Wholesale trade; Retail trade; Accommodation and food services; Transport, postal and warehousing; Information media and telecommunications; Finance and insurance services; Rental, hiring and real estate services; Professional, scientific and technical services; Administrative and support services; Arts and recreation services; and Other services. Refer to Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 5216.0).

Non-market Sector

The non-market sector is an industry grouping comprising the following industries: Education and training; Public administration & safety; and Health care and social assistance. Refer to Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 5216.0).

Monthly hours worked in all jobs

Monthly hours worked in all jobs measures the total number of actual hours worked by employed persons in a calendar month. It differs from the actual hours worked estimates (and the usual hours worked estimates) since these refer only to the hours worked in the reference week.

The methodology used to produce monthly hours worked in all jobs means that these are synthetic estimates. Seasonally adjusted and trend estimates of monthly hours worked in all jobs are available for the period July 1978 onwards.

Further information on the methodology used to produce the monthly hours worked in all jobs estimates is available on the ABS website in *Information Paper: Expansion of Hours Worked Estimates from the Labour Force Survey* (cat. no. 6290.0.55.001).

Actual and usual hours worked cannot be aggregated across time to produce either quarterly or annual estimates as they relate to only a single week in the month. In contrast, monthly hours worked in all jobs estimates are a true monthly measure, and may be aggregated across time to produce both quarterly and annual estimates.

Not in labour force

Persons who were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined. They include people who undertook unpaid household duties or other voluntary work only, were retired, voluntarily inactive and those permanently unable to work.

Participation rate

For any group, the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 years and over in the same group.

Response rate

The number of fully responding dwellings expressed as a percentage of the total number of dwellings excluding sample loss. Examples of sample loss include: dwellings where all persons are out of scope and/or coverage; vacant dwellings; dwellings under construction; dwellings converted to non-dwellings; derelict dwellings; and demolished dwellings.

Seasonally adjusted series

A time series of estimates with the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation removed. See Explanatory Notes for more detail.

Stock estimates

Stock estimates are a measure of certain attributes at a point in time and can be thought of as stocktakes. For example, the total number of employed persons is an account of the number of people who were considered employed in the Labour Force Survey reference week.

GLOSSARY continued

Trend series

A smoothed seasonally adjusted series of estimates. See Explanatory Notes for more detail.

Underemployment rate (proportion of labour force)

The number of underemployed workers expressed as a percentage of the labour force.

Underemployment ratio (proportion of employed)

The number of underemployed workers expressed as a percentage of total employed persons.

Underemployed workers

Employed persons aged 15 years and over who want, and are available for, more hours of work than they currently have. They comprise:

- persons employed part time who want to work more hours and are available to start
 work with more hours, either in the reference week or in the four weeks subsequent
 to the survey; or
- persons employed full time who worked part time hours in the reference week for economic reasons (such as being stood down or insufficient work being available). It is assumed that these people wanted to work full time in the reference week and would have been available to do so.

Underutilisation rate

The sum of the number of persons unemployed and the number of persons in underemployment, expressed as a proportion of the labour force.

Unemployed

Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the reference week, and:

- had actively looked for full time or part time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week and were available for work in the reference week; or
- were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week and could have started in the reference week if the job had been available then.

Unemployed looked for full

time work

Unemployed persons who:

- actively looked for full time work; or
- were waiting to start a new full time job.

Unemployed looked for only

part time work

Unemployed persons who:

- actively looked for part time work only; or
- were waiting to start a new part time job.

Unemployment rate

For any group, the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.

Usual hours of work

Usual hours of work refers to a typical period rather than the hours worked in a specified reference period. The concept of usual hours applies both to persons at work and to persons temporarily absent from work, and is defined as the hours worked during a typical week or day. Actual hours worked (for a specific reference period) may differ from usual hours worked due to illness, vacation, strike, overtime work, a change of job, or similar reasons.

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